

Putting into Practice the Principles of Effective Climate Change Communication

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Extension

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN–MADISON

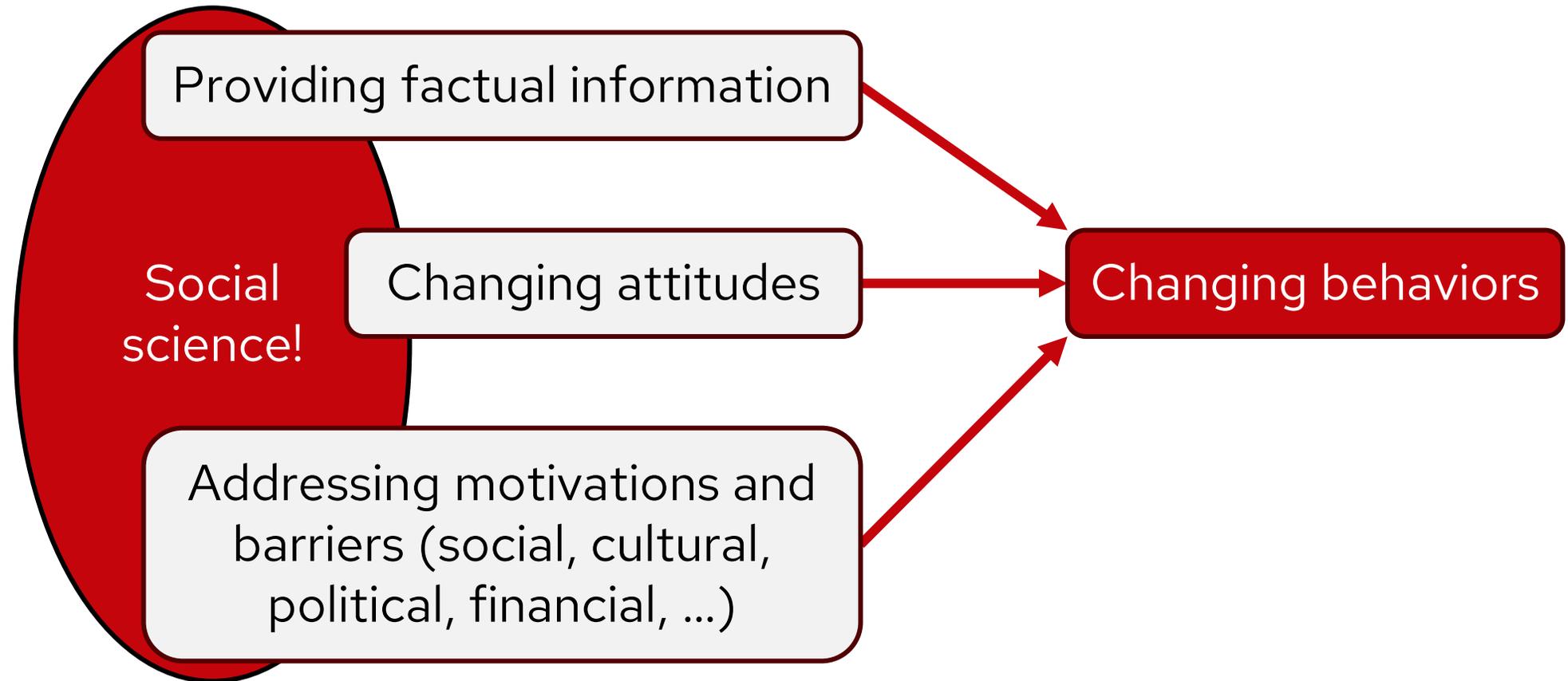
What are your communication goals?

Providing factual information

Changing attitudes

Changing behaviors

What are your communication goals?



OUTLINE

Audience segmentation

Word choice

Values and agency

Social norms

Misinformation and disinformation

Putting the pieces together

KEEP IN THE BACK OF YOUR MIND

Who is the right messenger?

What communication channels will you use?

Audience Segmentation

The “general public” does not exist

Where do they get their information?

Who do they trust?

What is their background knowledge?

What do they value?

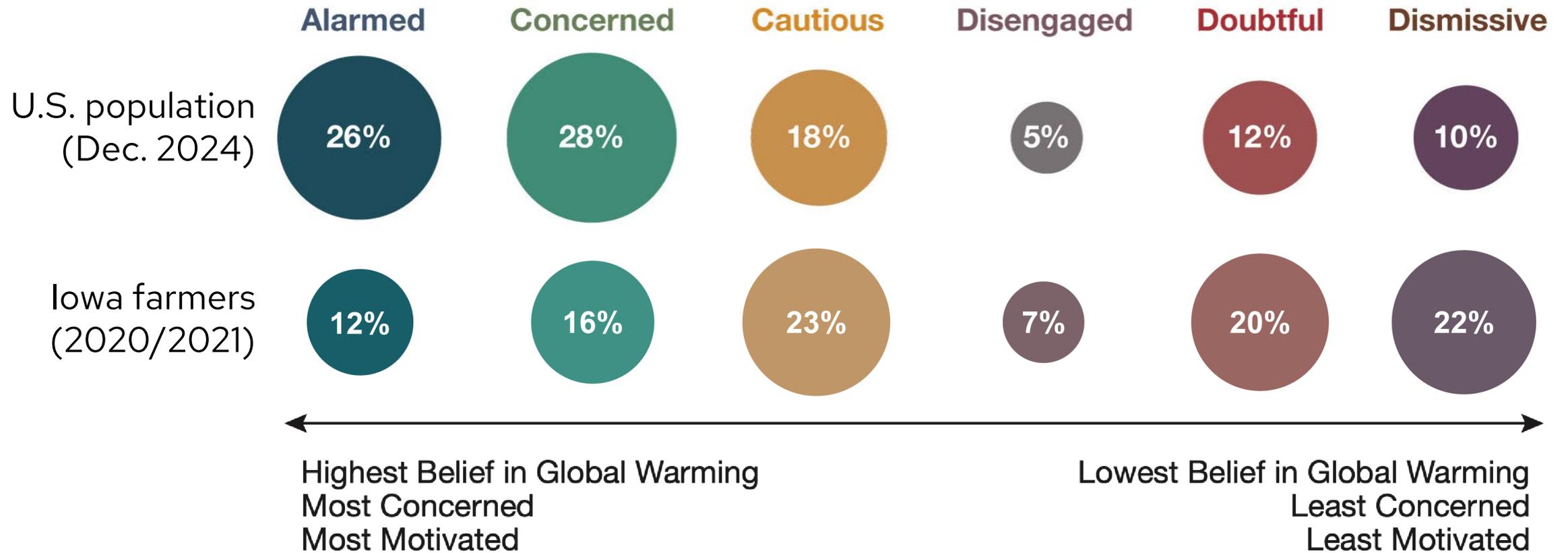
What metaphors or cultural references will they understand?

What resources do they have access to?



Image: mododeolhar

Global Warming's Six Americas



Chryst et al., 2018; Leiserowitz et al., 2025; Nowatzke & Arbuckle, 2024

Audience segmentation

Word choice

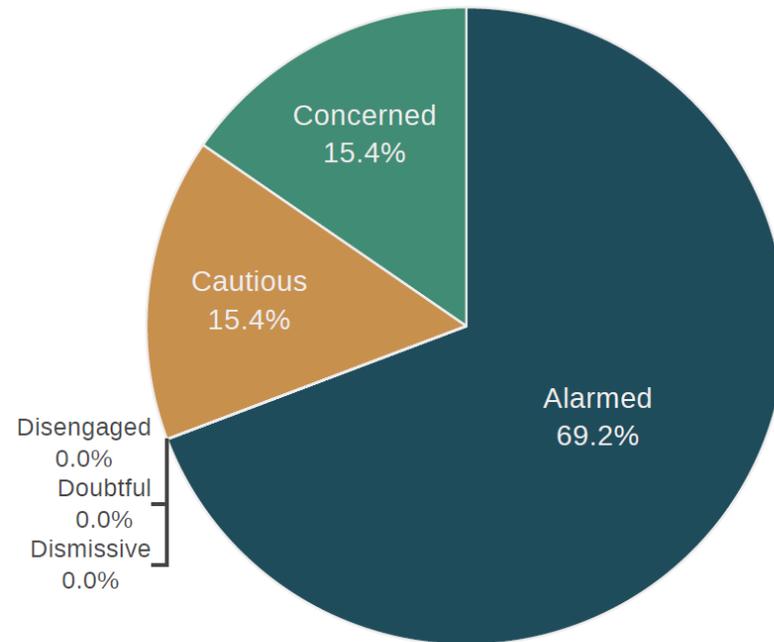
Values and agency

Social norms

Misinformation

Global Warming's Six Americas

- Example: 2026 forest resilience course for woodland owners in northeast Wisconsin



9
ALARMED

2
CONCERNED

2
CAUTIOUS

0
DISENGAGED

0
DOUBTFUL

0
DISMISSIVE

Audience segmentation

Word choice

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Misinformation

One size does not fit all

- Three basic audience categories:

Actively want
to address
climate change

Hershberger & Newman, in press

One size does not fit all

- Three basic audience categories:

Actively want
to address
climate change

Acknowledge climate
change but don't
prioritize it

Hershberger & Newman, in press

One size does not fit all

- Three basic audience categories:

Actively want
to address
climate change

Acknowledge climate
change but don't
prioritize it

Are opposed to
the phrase
"climate change"

Hershberger & Newman, in press

Woodland owner segmentation (WI)

Woodland retreat



- Beauty, lifestyle, recreation



Tools for Engaging Landowners Effectively, 2018

Woodland owner segmentation (WI)

Supplemental income



- Financial asset



Tools for Engaging Landowners Effectively, 2018

Woodland owner segmentation (WI)

Multi-use



- Balancing amenities and finances



Tools for Engaging Landowners Effectively, 2018

Woodland owner segmentation (WI)

Uninvolved



- Not motivated by nature nor finances



Tools for Engaging Landowners Effectively, 2018

Choose your scope strategically

	Audience size	Usefulness to audience
Broad scope	Large 	Low 
Narrow scope	Small 	High 

YOUR TURN

Pick your specific **audience segment**
and desired **behavioral outcome**

**To say “climate change,”
or not to say “climate change”**

The elephant and donkey in the room

- Political ideology is the strongest demographic predictor of climate change attitudes
- People engage in *motivated reasoning*—facts are not enough!
- BUT be careful to not stereotype or overgeneralize

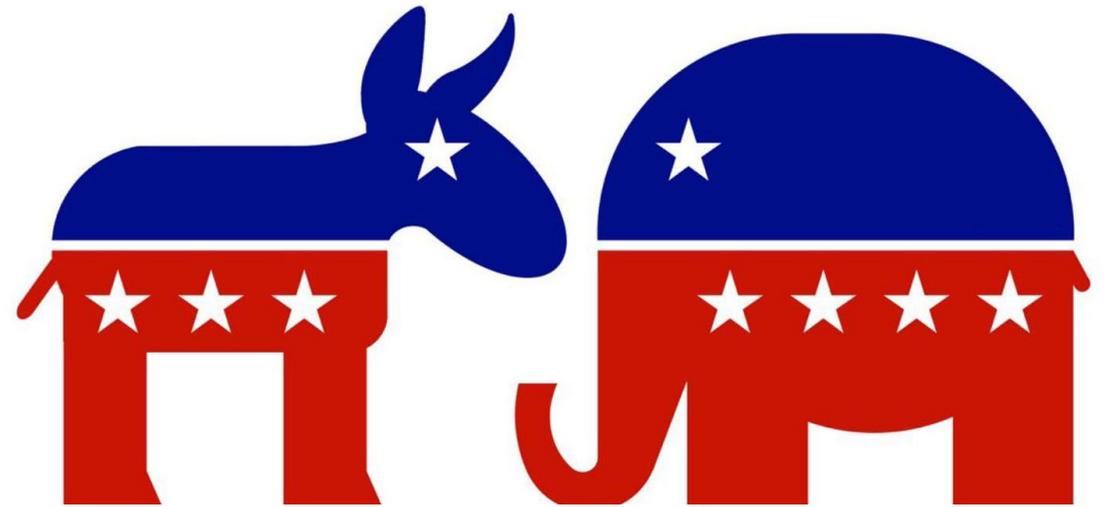


Image: CNN
Hornsey et al., 2016; Kahan et al., 2012

Overcoming polarization

“Climate change” ❌

““The words are what they object to, not necessarily to the activities that are being done under those words.””

–*UW-Madison Extension Community Economic Development educator*

“Changing weather patterns” ✅

“Changing climate” ✅

“Climate variability” ✅

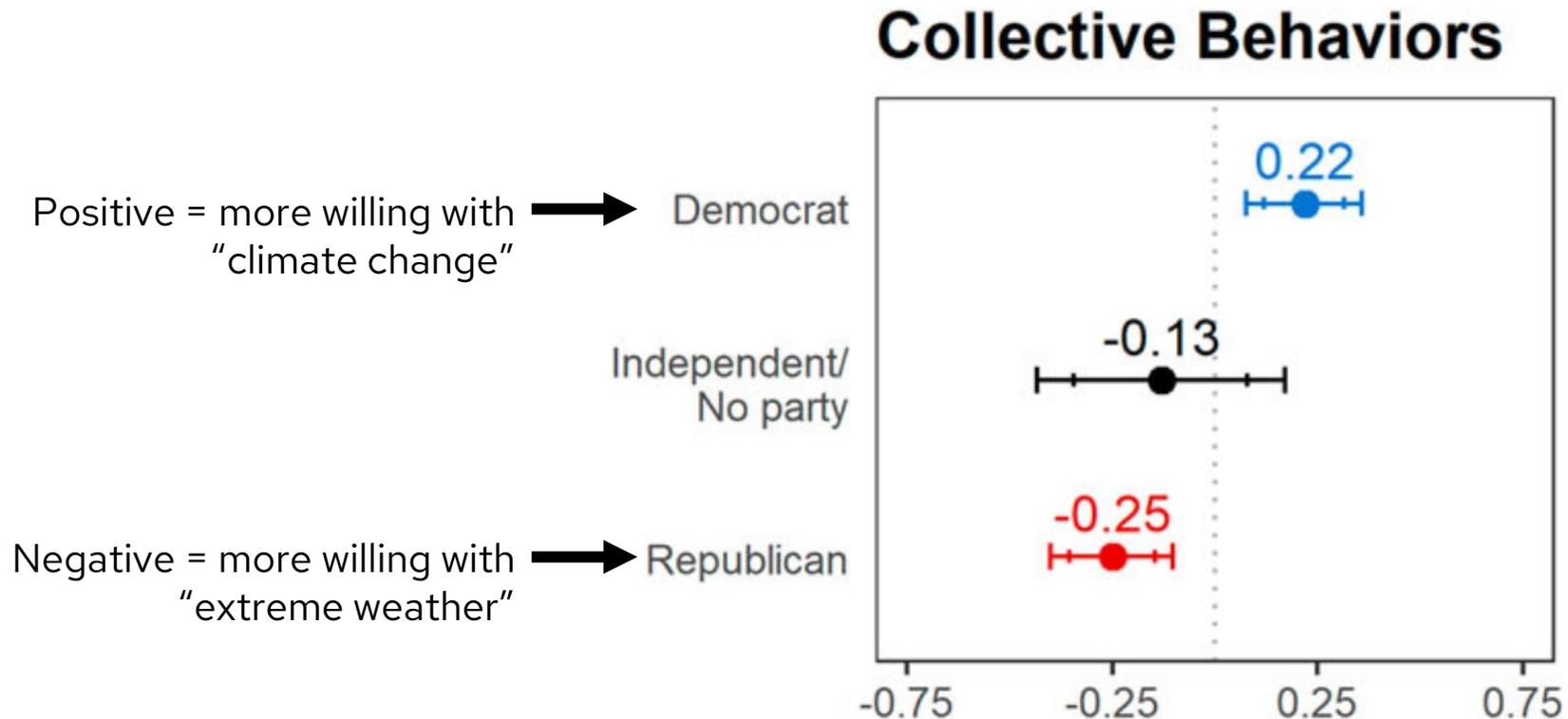
“Extreme weather” ✅

“Carbon dioxide pollution” ✅

Commerçon et al., 2023; Hershberger & Newman, in press

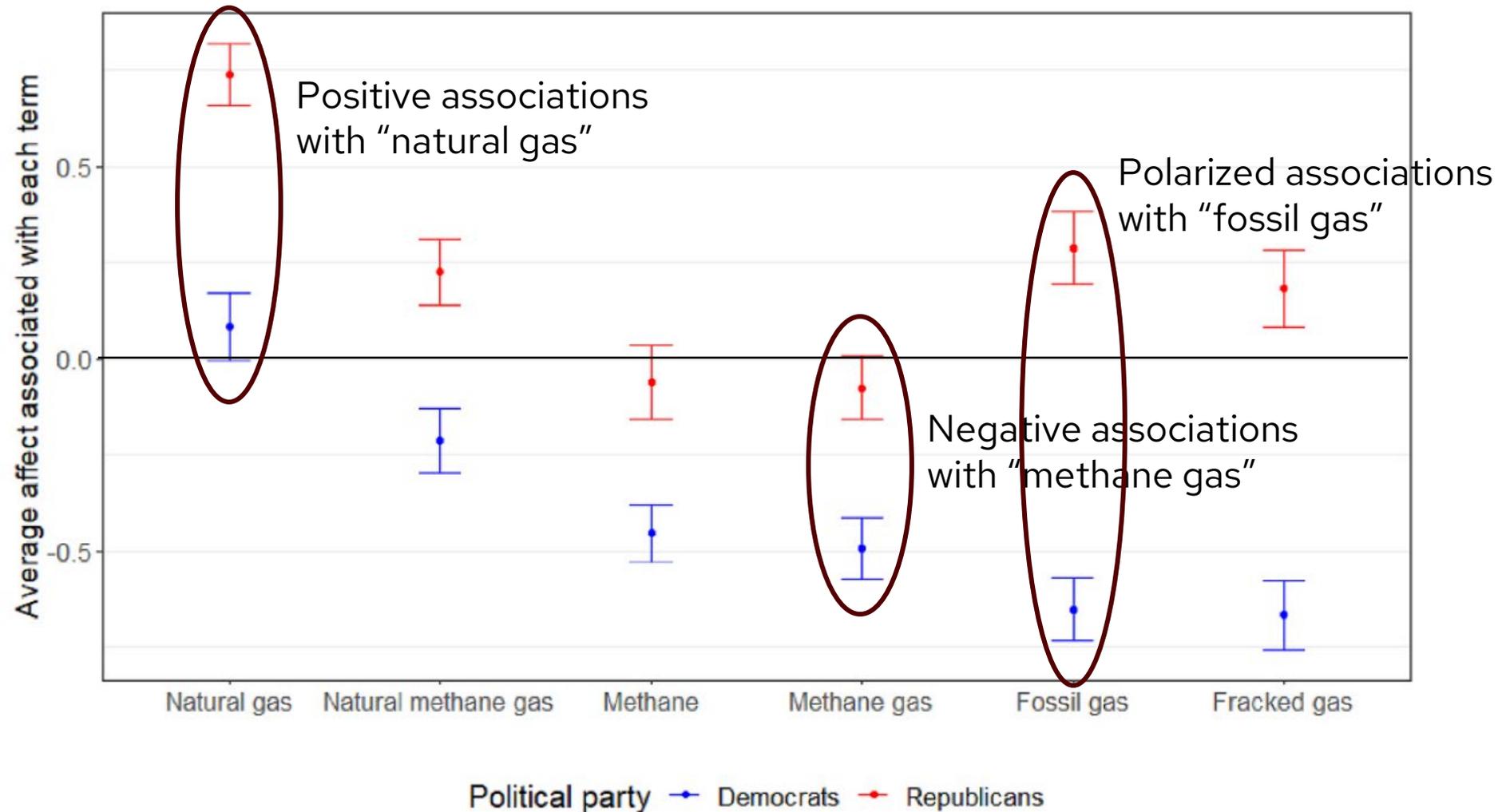
“Climate change” vs “extreme weather”

- “How willing or unwilling are you to do each of the following to help your local community prepare for the impacts of [extreme weather/climate change]?” (graph shows average of 8 items)



Carman et al., 2022

"Natural gas" vs "methane gas"



Lacroix et al., 2021

What if my audience is mixed?

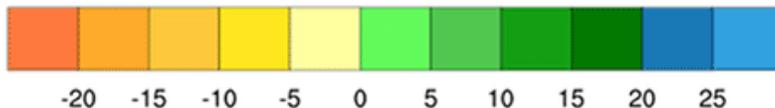
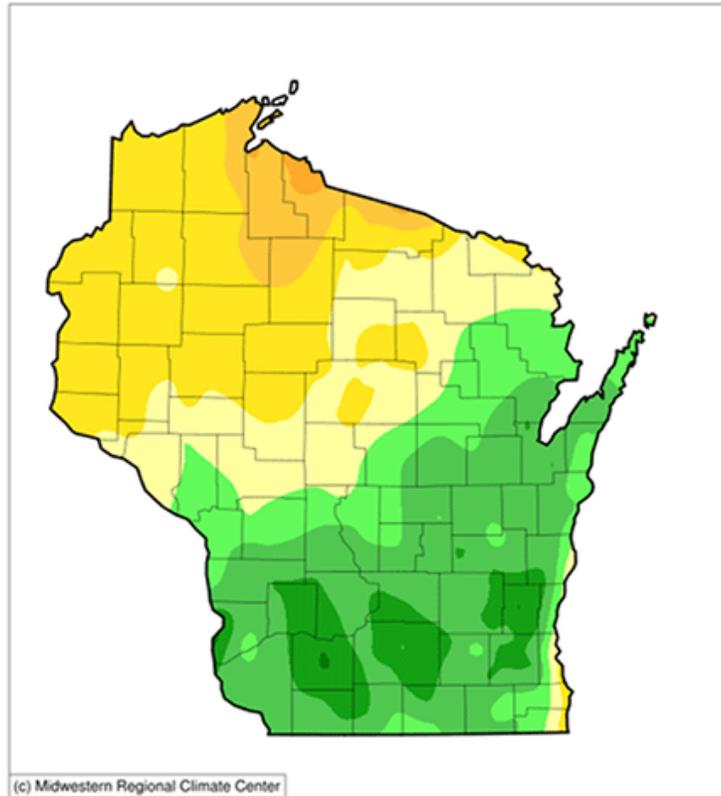
- **DON'T** unnecessarily activate partisan identities
- **DO** activate shared identities
- Emphasize specific, local, & relatable aspects of climate change



Image: clmcdk fejcn

Be specific, local, and relatable

Accumulated Snowfall (in): Departure from 1991-2020 Normals
January 01, 2024 to January 31, 2024



Climate change

Very little snowfall in northern Wisconsin

Cultural impact

Poor season for snowmobiling and skiing

Economic impact

Less income for seasonal workers

Actionable solution

Long-term financial planning

Hershberger & Newman, in press

Audience segmentation

Word choice

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Be specific, local, and relatable

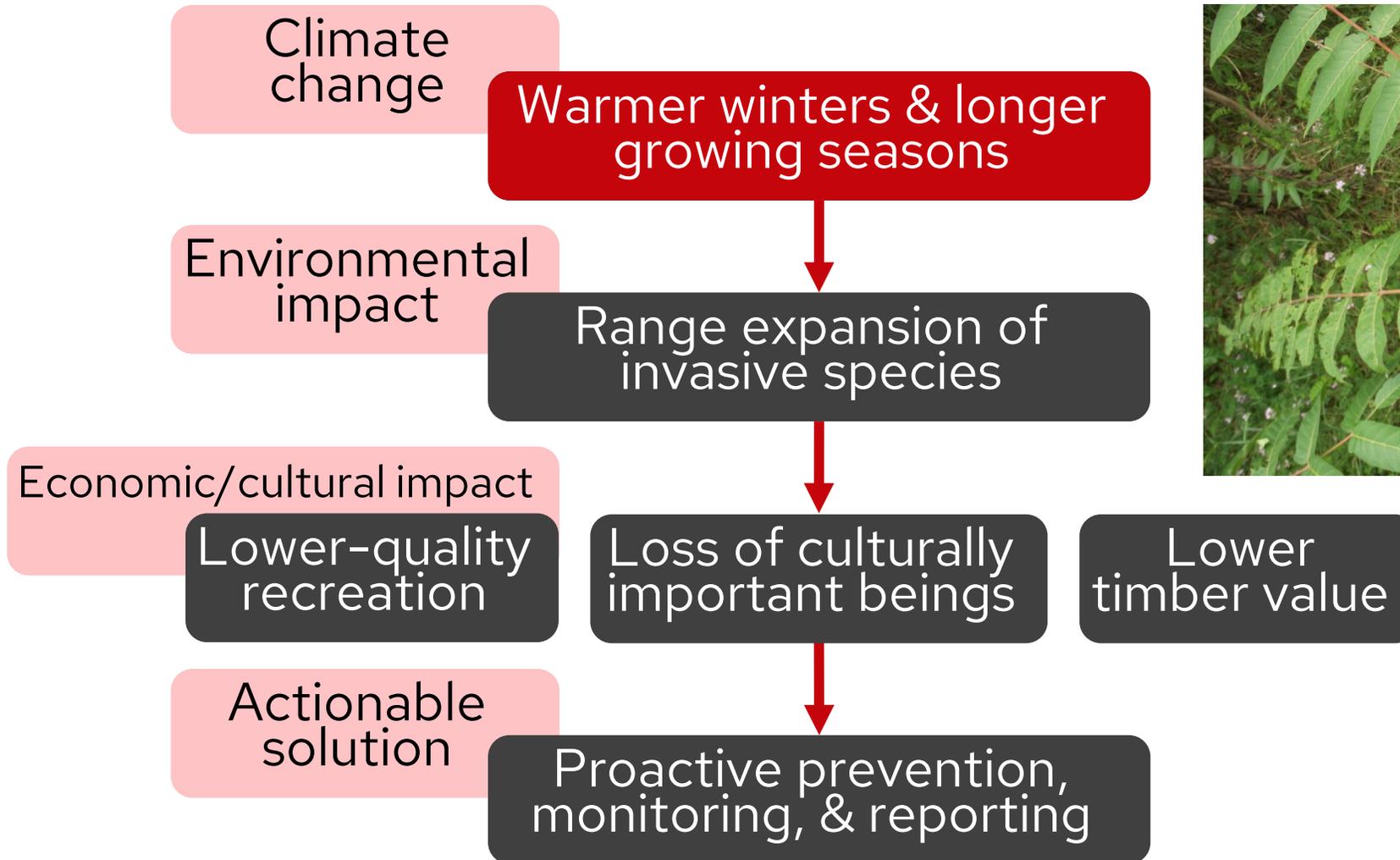


Image: Richard Gardner, Bugwood.org

YOUR TURN

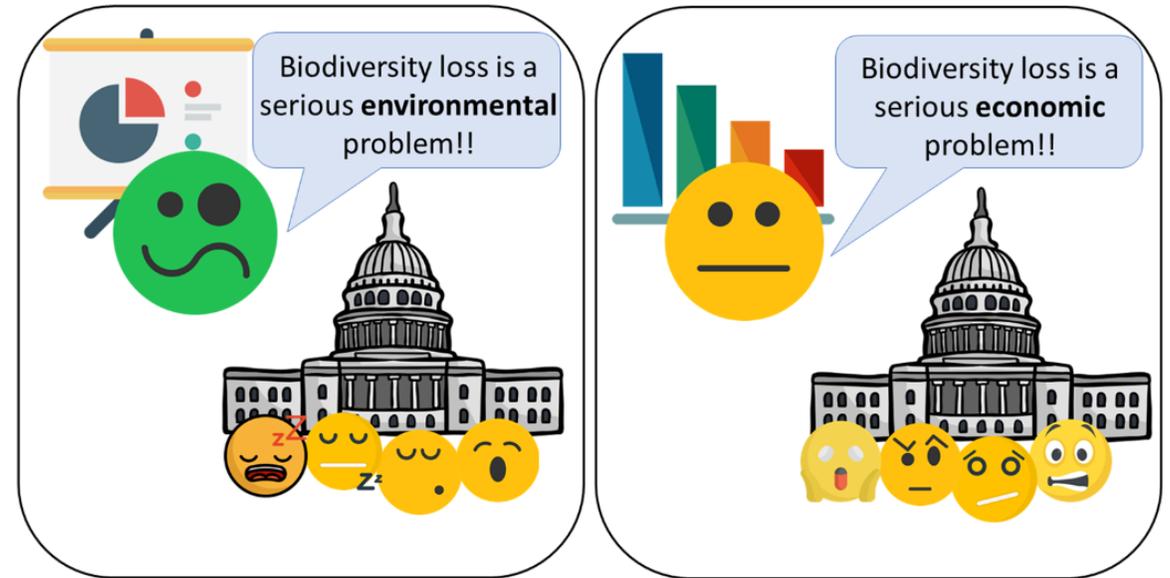
How will you refer to the concept of climate change?



Value-focused messaging and cultivating a sense of agency

Message framing

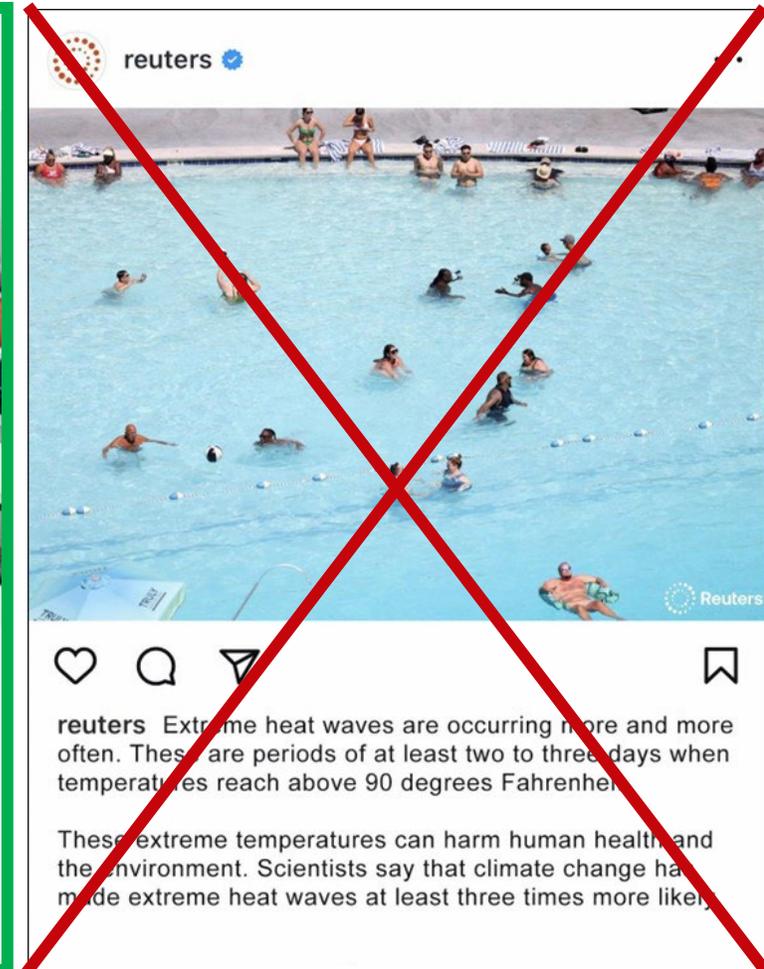
- Draw attention to one aspect of a topic while deemphasizing other aspects
- Both text and visuals matter



Guenther et al., 2023
Images: USDA; Kusmanoff et al., 2020

Message framing

- News media overuses “fun in the sun” visuals when reporting on heat waves
- Negative imagery is more likely to increase:
 - Worry about heat waves
 - Belief that climate change is making heat waves worse



Mosallaei et al., 2026; O'Neill et al., 2023

Audience segmentation

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Message framing

- Emphasize “do more good,” not “do less bad”

“Ban” ❌

“Upgrading” ✔️

“Mandate” ❌

“Setting standards” ✔️

“Phaseout” ❌

“Making solutions accessible” ✔️

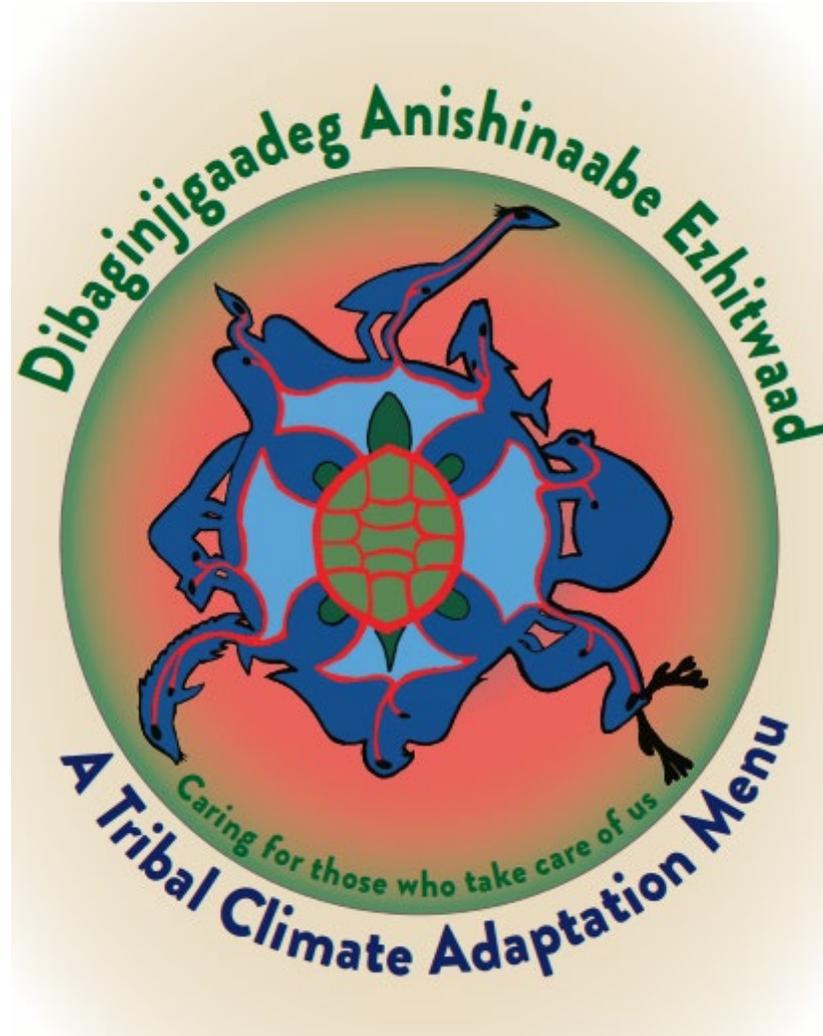
“Decrease your use of single-use products that are often thrown away” ❌

“Increase your use of reusable products that last a long time” ✔️

Marshall et al., 2023; Radke et al., 2026

Example: Tribal Adaptation Menu

- Respect for all beings
- Reciprocity
- Building relationships



Tribal Adaptation Menu Team, 2019

Audience segmentation

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Example: Rotary Club Four-Way Test

Rotary  **THE FOUR-WAY TEST**
Of the things we think, say or do:

- first** Is it the **TRUTH**?
- second** Is it **FAIR** to all concerned?
- third** Will it build **GOODWILL** and **BETTER FRIENDSHIPS**?
- fourth** Will it be **BENEFICIAL** to all concerned?

“ I never thought too much of this whole global warming thing, but it passed the Four-Way Test. ”

–Texas businessman

Hayhoe, 2021

Example: “New Climate Voices” ads

- One-month online video ad campaign in Missouri-02 and Georgia-07



<https://www.newclimatevoices.org/>

Goldberg et al., 2021

Audience segmentation

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Efficacy: an active form of hope

"Here's the big problem the *world* faces."



"Here's the big problem *you* face, and **here's what you can do about it.**"



Images: Pixabay; Anastasia Shuraeva
Coleman et al., 2024; Lamm et al., 2022

Types of efficacy

- *Self-efficacy*
"I can take action"
- *Response efficacy*
"If I take action, it will have the desired effect"
- *Collective efficacy*
"If we all take action, our collective action will make a difference"



Jugert et al., 2016; Sinclair et al., 2025

Example: invasive stiltgrass outreach campaign



Stiltgrass: building efficacy

EDD MapS
find • map • track

Species
Pest (?):

Infestation
Status: Positive (?) Negative (?) Treated (?)

Observation Date (?):

Infested Area (?):

Survey Area (?):

Habitat :

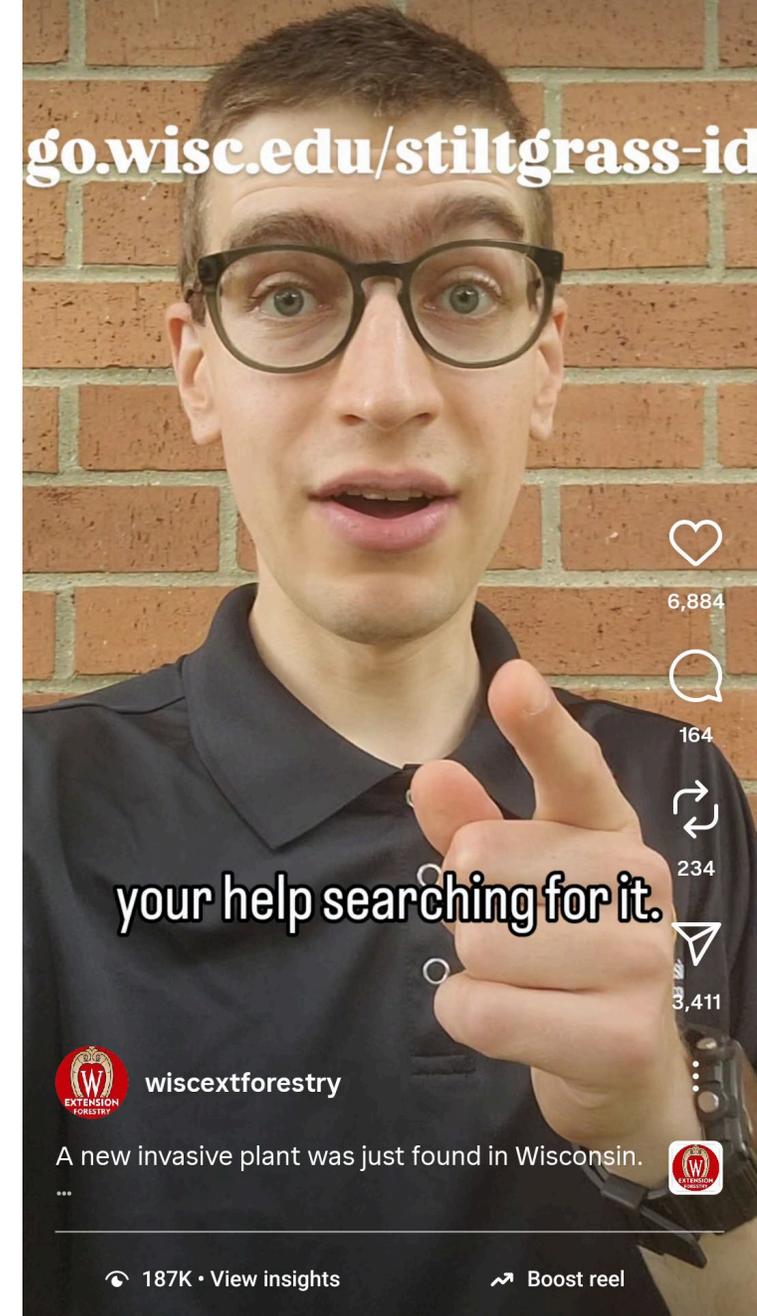
Density (?):

Abundance:

Plant Description:
 Mature Sapling/Immature Seedling/Rosette In Flower
 In Fruit Seeds Dormant/Dead Unknown

Damage (?):
 Yes No
If you select "Yes", please upload a photo of a leaf with damage below. If possible, please place a blue or white background behind the leaf. Include the word "damage" in the caption.

"Take photos and send them to forestry@extension.wisc.edu or Invasive.Species@Wisconsin.gov"



Audience segmentation

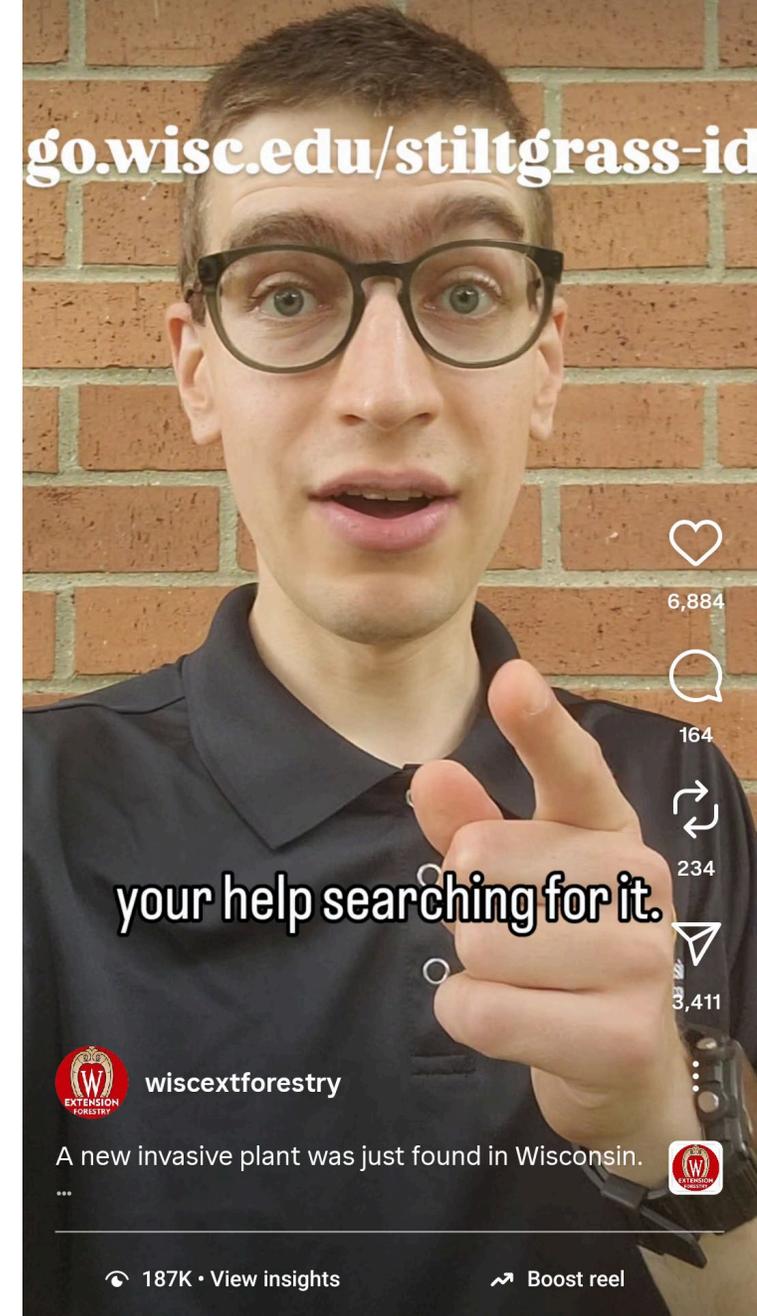
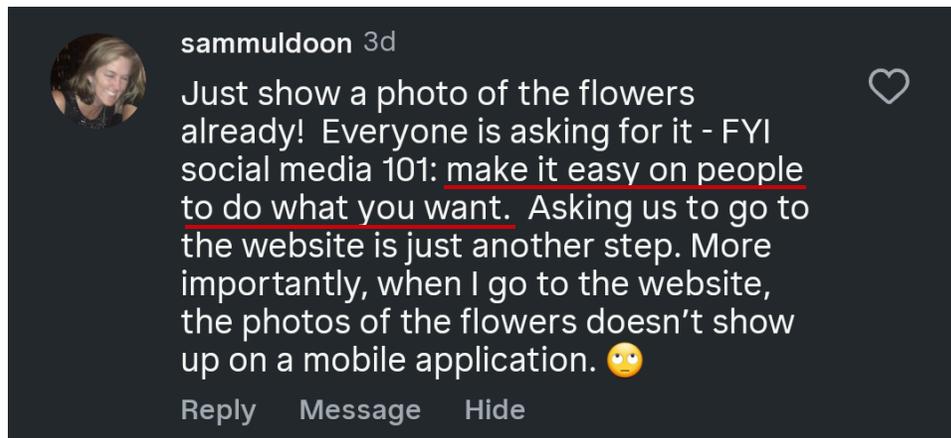
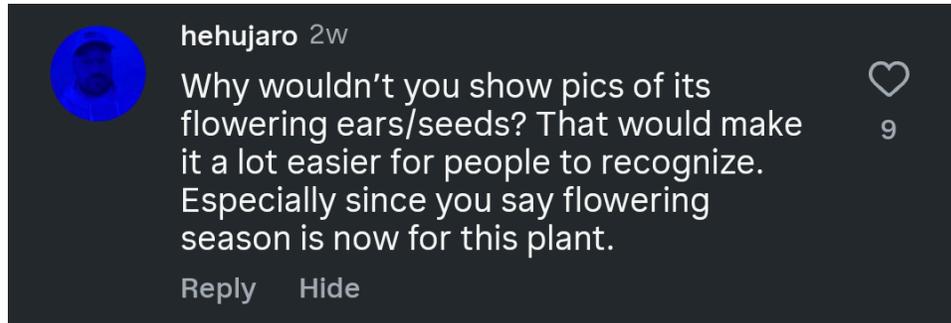
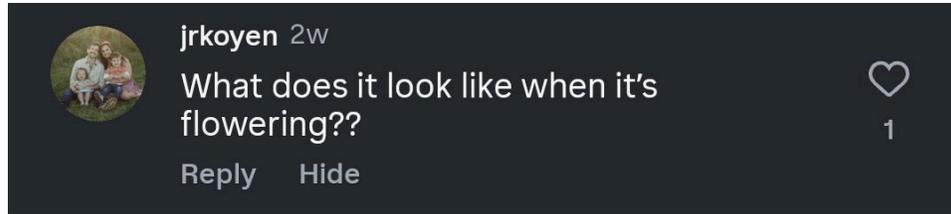
Word choice

Values and agency

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Stiltgrass: building efficacy



Audience segmentation

Word choice

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Stiltgrass: real-world outcomes

- 3 more infestations found within 3 weeks
 - 2 are small and likely to be eliminated!



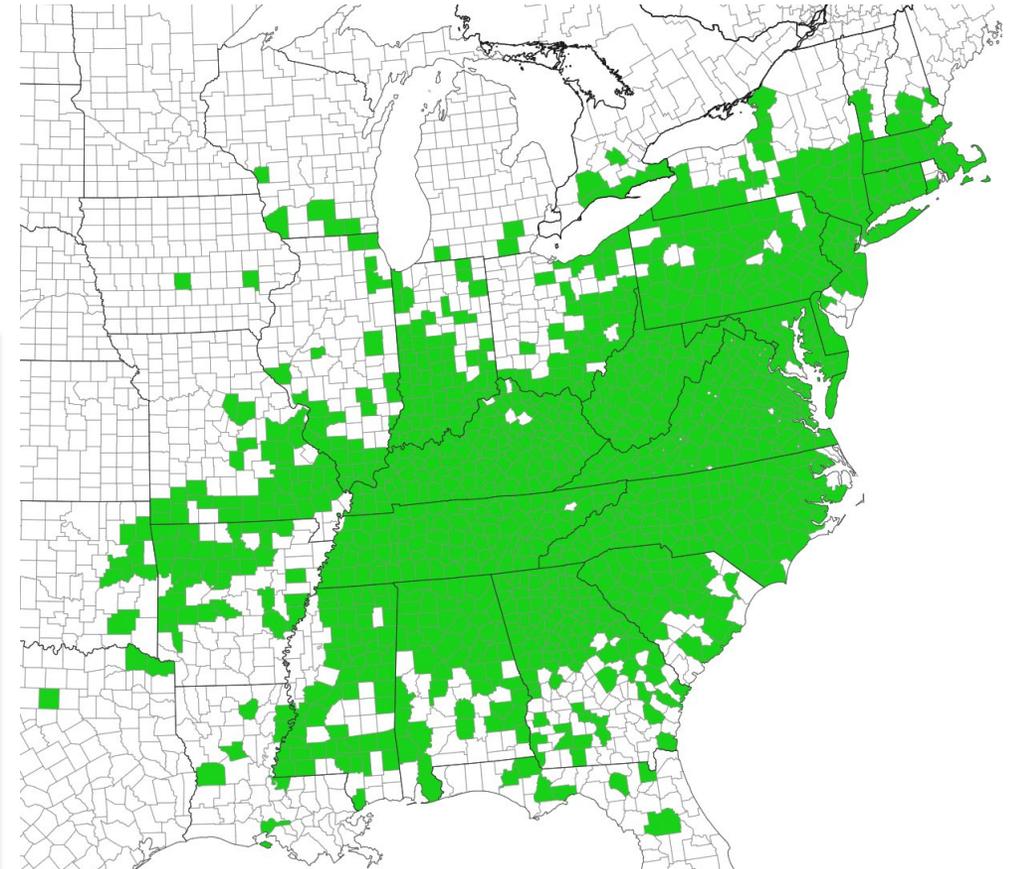
Donna Witt Laughlin · 2d

I'm so glad I posted when I saw this information . Someone found it and had it confirmed because of my post and another was thinking they also found some. Sharing definitely makes a difference.

Reply



5



Map: EDDMapS reported stiltgrass locations as of September 2025

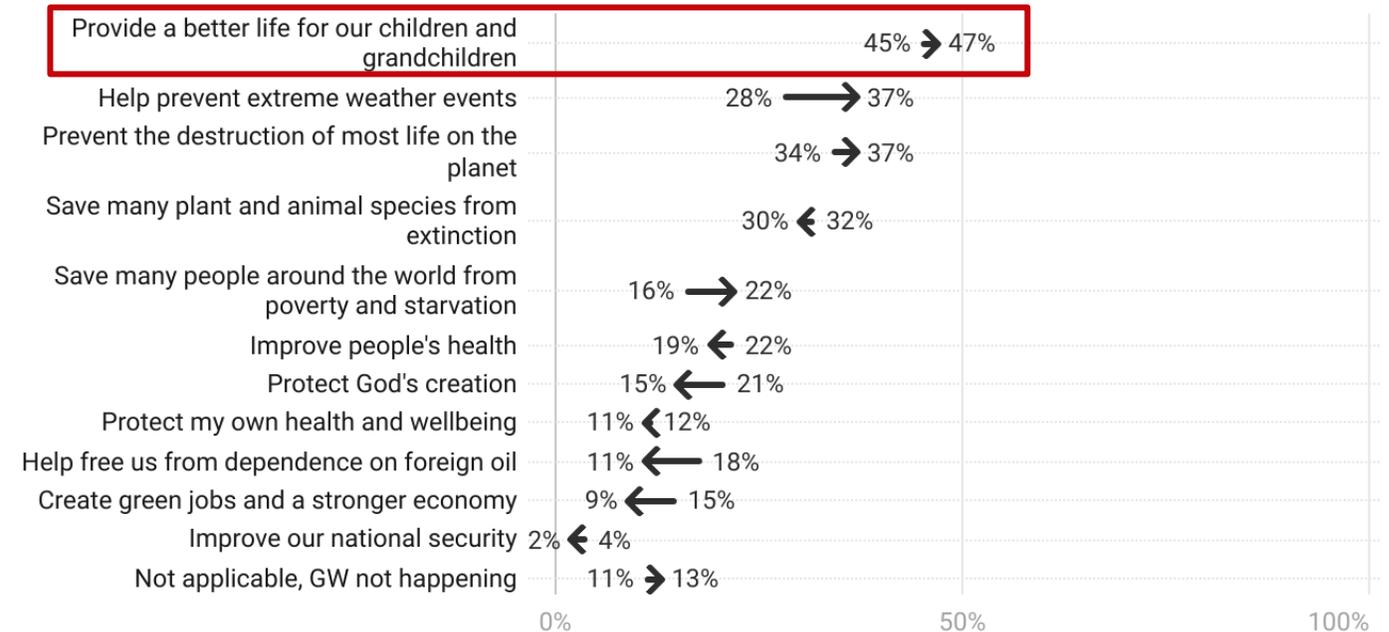
What if my audience is mixed?

- Emphasize the value of providing a better life for future generations



Changes in U.S. registered voters' views of the most important reasons to reduce global warming, 2017 → 2024

% selecting as a top 3 "most important" reason



Which of the following reasons to reduce global warming, if any, are most important to you? Please select up to three reasons.

May 2017 - April 2024.

Base: U.S. registered voters in May 2017 (n = 1070) and April 2024 (n = 896).

Image: Pixabay

Carman et al., 2024; Marshall et al., 2023; Syropoulos et al., 2023; Syropoulos & Markowitz, 2024

YOUR TURN

What does your audience **value**?
How can you increase **efficacy**?



Leveraging social norms to spur behavior change

Two types of social norms

Descriptive

- What do other people do?
- “Annually, more than 500 volunteers and an estimated 2,000 supervised students monitor 600+ stream locations throughout the state.” (Water Action Volunteers)

Injunctive

- What do other people think is the right thing to do?
- “Most Madison residents think highly of their friends who bike to work.”

Constantino et al., 2022; Miller & Prentice, 2016

Two types of social norms

Descriptive

- “Annually, more than 500 volunteers and an estimated 2,000 supervised students monitor 600+ stream locations throughout the state.”

Injunctive

- “Most Madison residents think highly of their friends who bike to work.”

Close reference group



More powerful norms

Constantino et al., 2022; Miller & Prentice, 2016

Perceptions might not match reality

- Across many reference groups, people systematically underestimate how many people:
 - **Accept** that human-caused climate change is happening
 - **Are concerned** about climate change
 - Support individual climate-friendly **behaviors**
 - Support climate-friendly **policies**



Images: Edward Kimmel, CC BY-SA 2.0; Fibonacci Blue, CC BY 2.0

Audience segmentation

Word choice

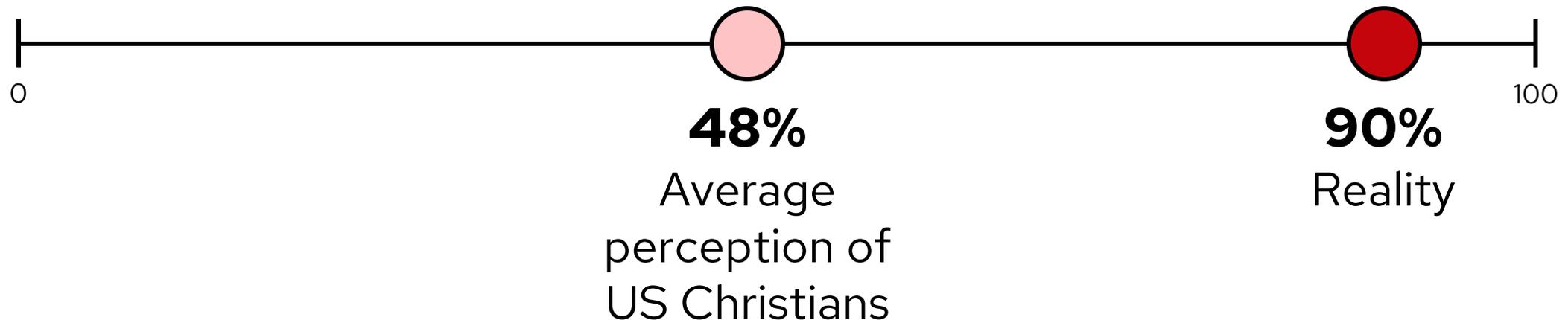
Values and agency

Social norms

Misinformation

Pluralistic ignorance: acceptance

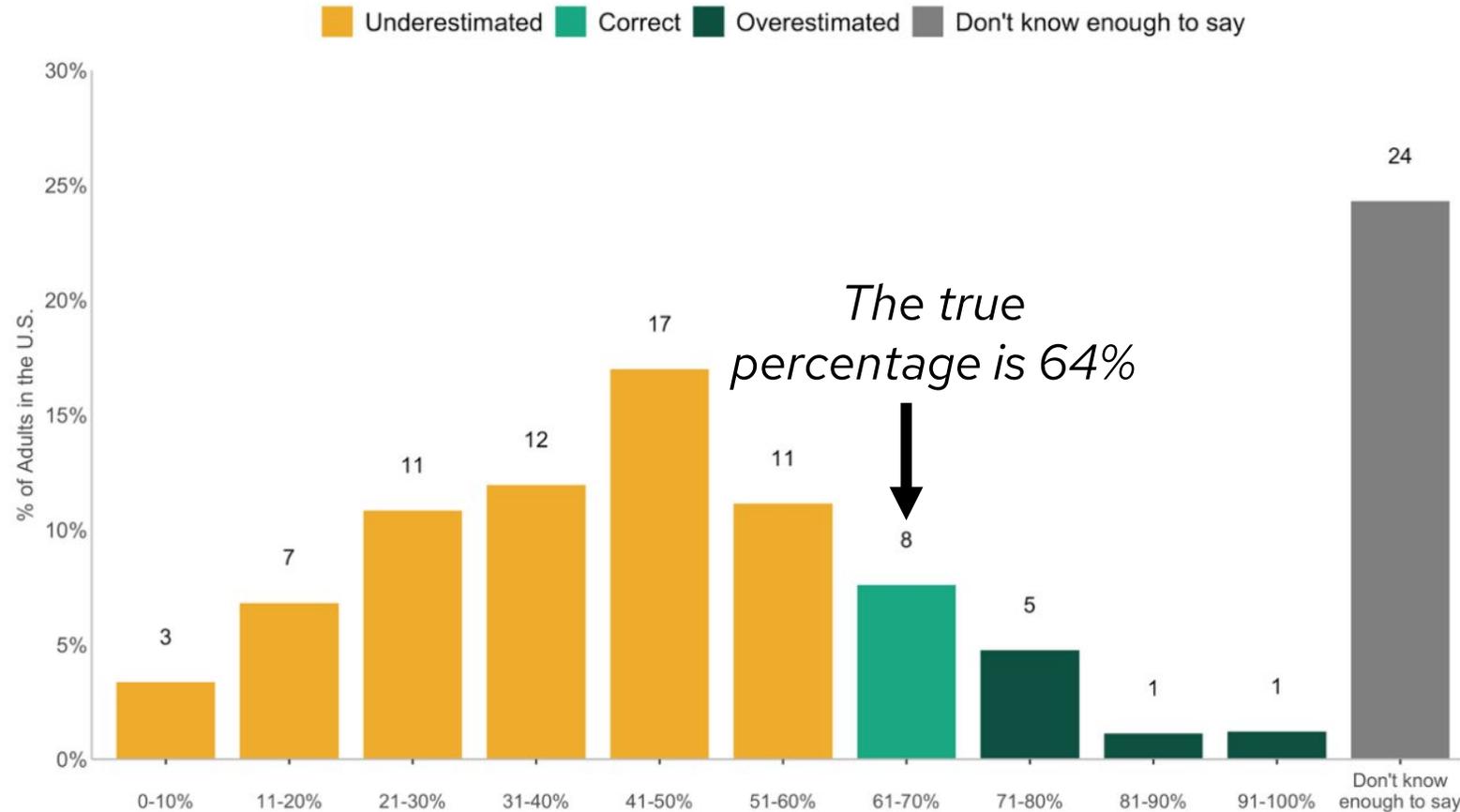
Proportion of US Christian religious leaders who accept that human-caused climate change is happening



Syropoulos & Sparkman, 2025

Pluralistic ignorance: concern

Most Americans underestimate how worried the American public is about global warming



To the best of your knowledge, what percentage of adults in the United States (18 years or older) are worried about global warming?

Leiserowitz et al., 2026

Audience segmentation

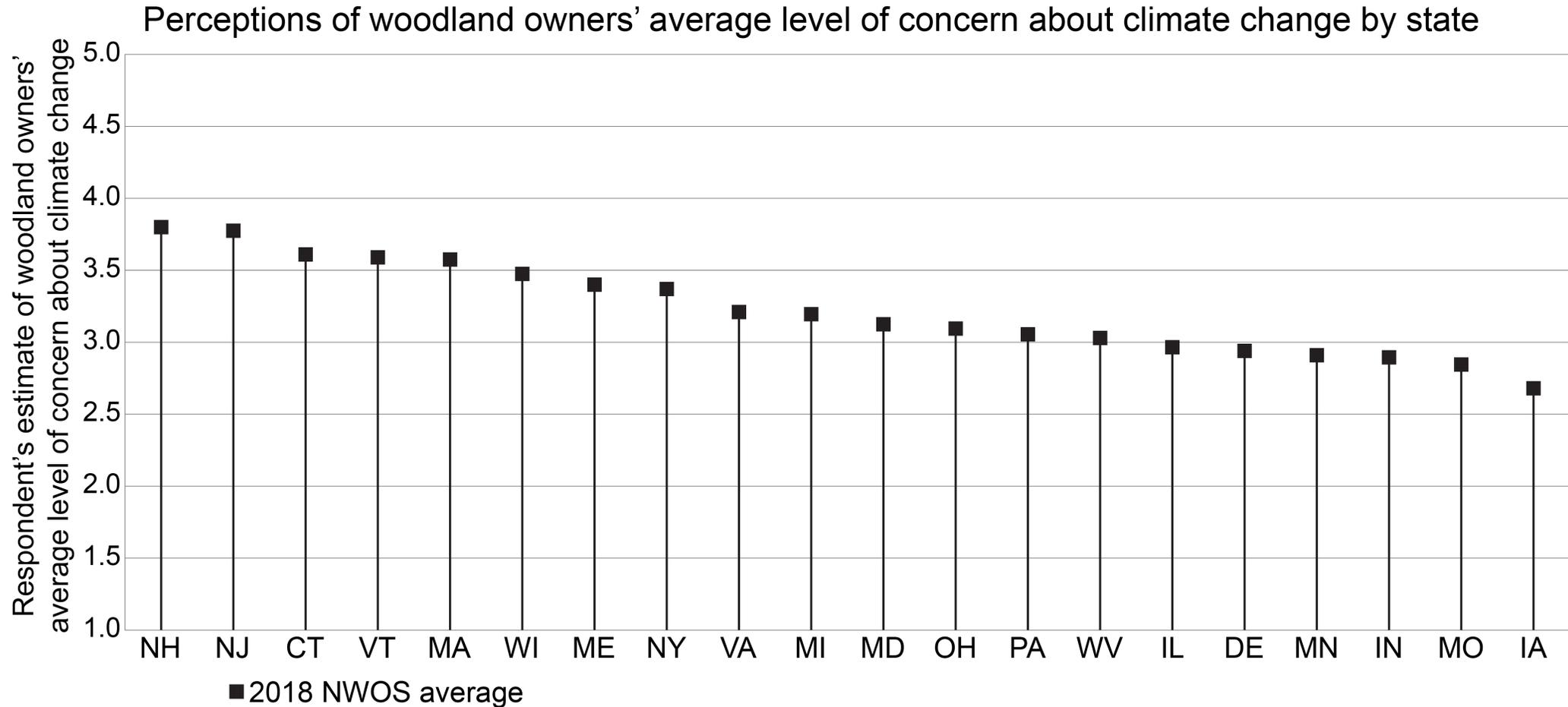
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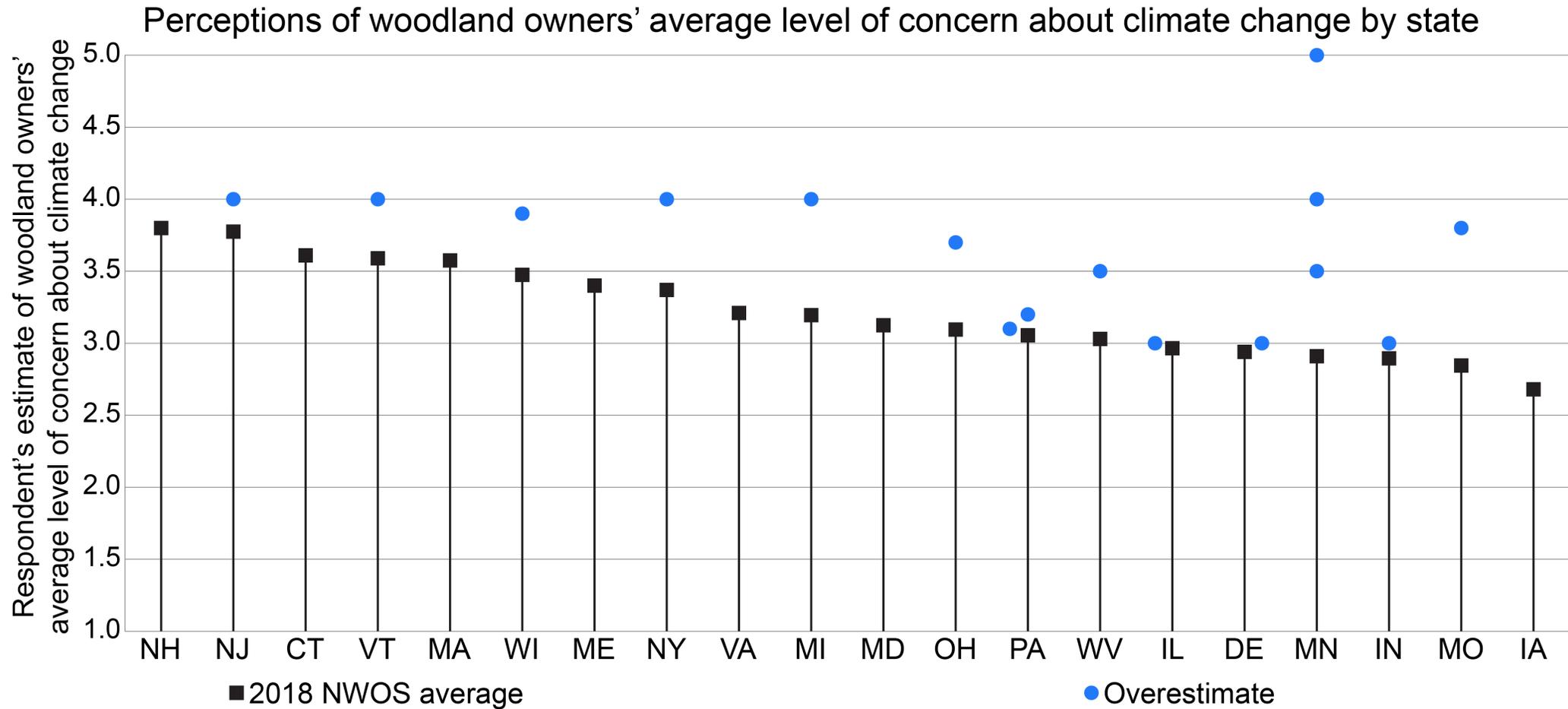
Misinformation

Pluralistic ignorance: concern



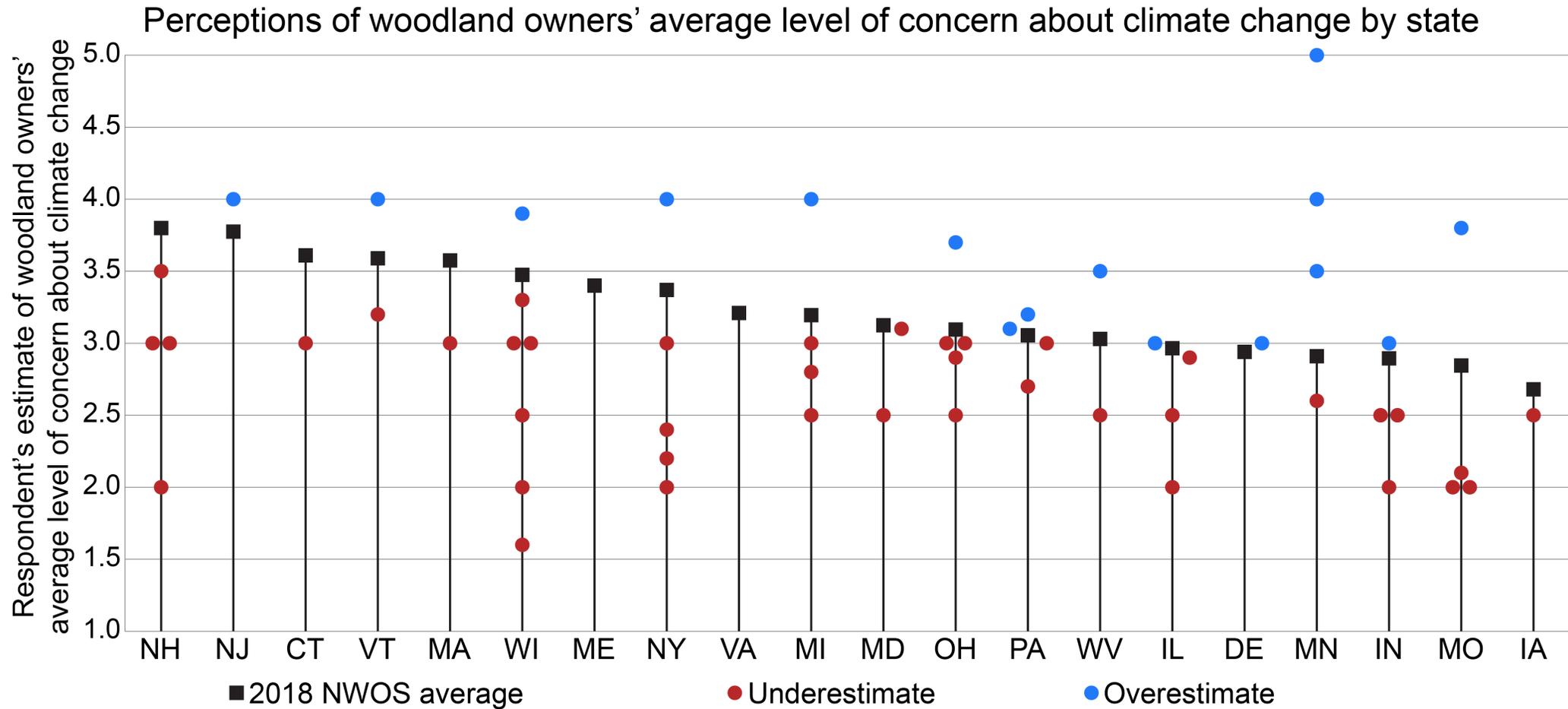
Desprez et al., 2025

Pluralistic ignorance: concern



Desprez et al., 2025

Pluralistic ignorance: concern



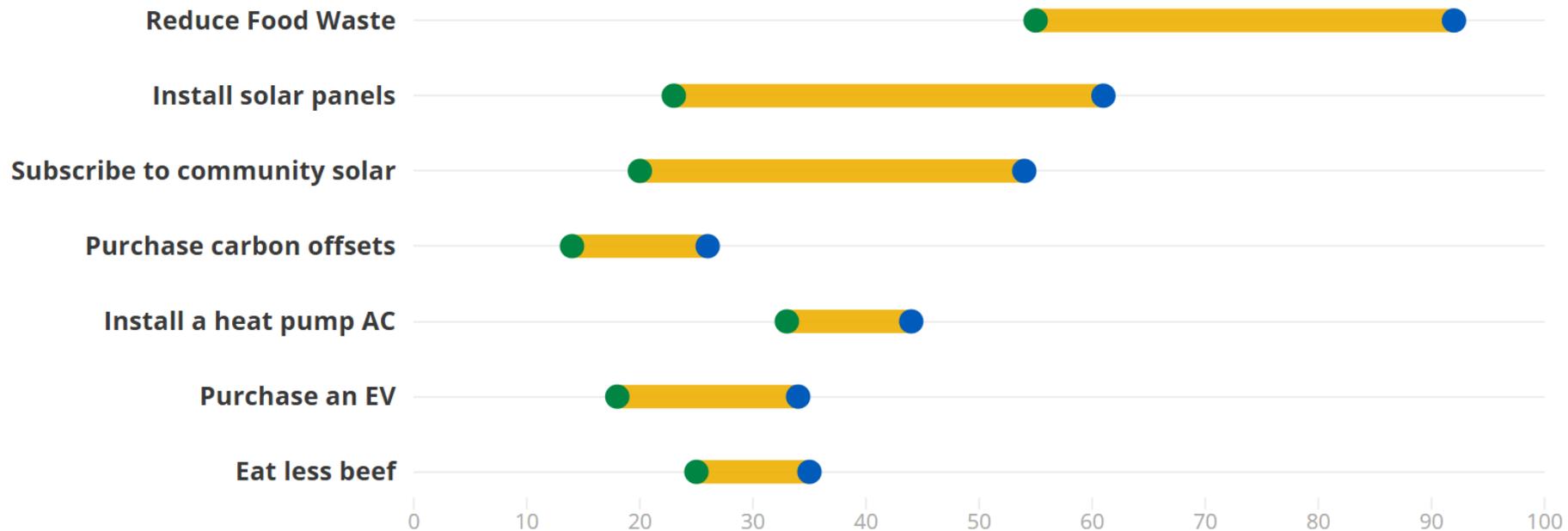
Desprez et al., 2025

Pluralistic ignorance: individual behaviors

There is a sizable gap when people are asked if they support adoption of behaviors vs their impression if others also support adoption

Across all the behaviors, there is a "normative bubble" around behavior adoption waiting to be popped: Americans support adoption of these behaviors, but they don't realize others believe the same

● Do you support adoption? ● Do you think others support adoption?



Source: [Rare "Climate Culture Index 2024"](#)

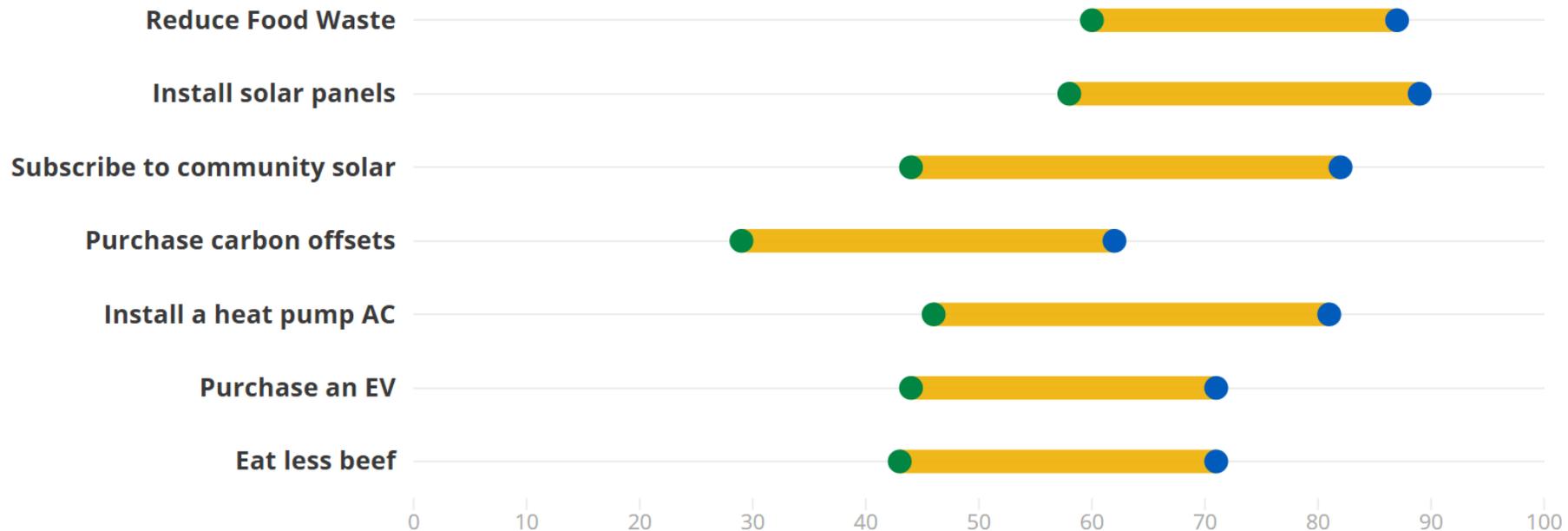
Rare, 2024

Pluralistic ignorance: policy support

There is a sizable gap when people are asked if they support policies vs their impression if others also support such policies.

Across all the behaviors, there is a "normative bubble" around policy support waiting to be popped: Americans support potential policies, but they don't realize others believe the same

● Do you support policies? ● Do you think others support policies?



Source: [Rare "Climate Culture Index 2024"](#)

Rare, 2024

Pluralistic ignorance: within party

% Agree ● Democrats' estimate (of their own party) ● Democrats' actual views



More in Common US, 2025

Audience segmentation

Word choice

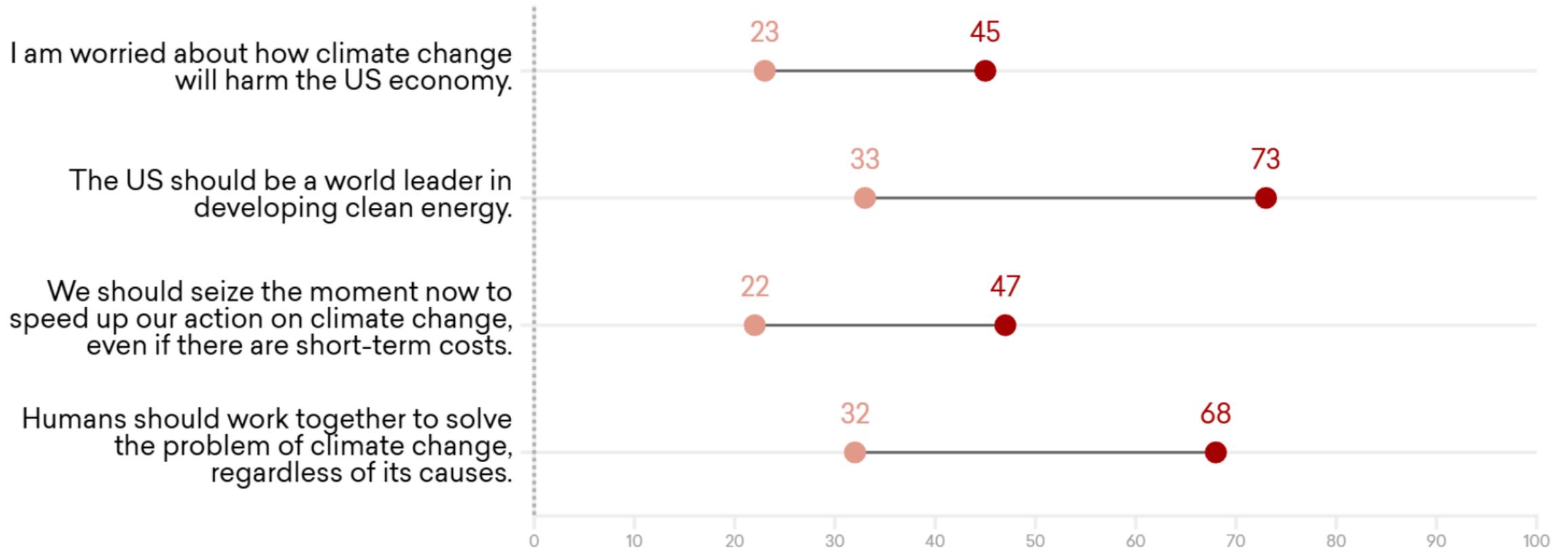
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% Agree ● Republicans' estimate (of their own party) ● Republicans' actual views



More in Common US, 2025

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Perceived social norms matter

Learning the true norms

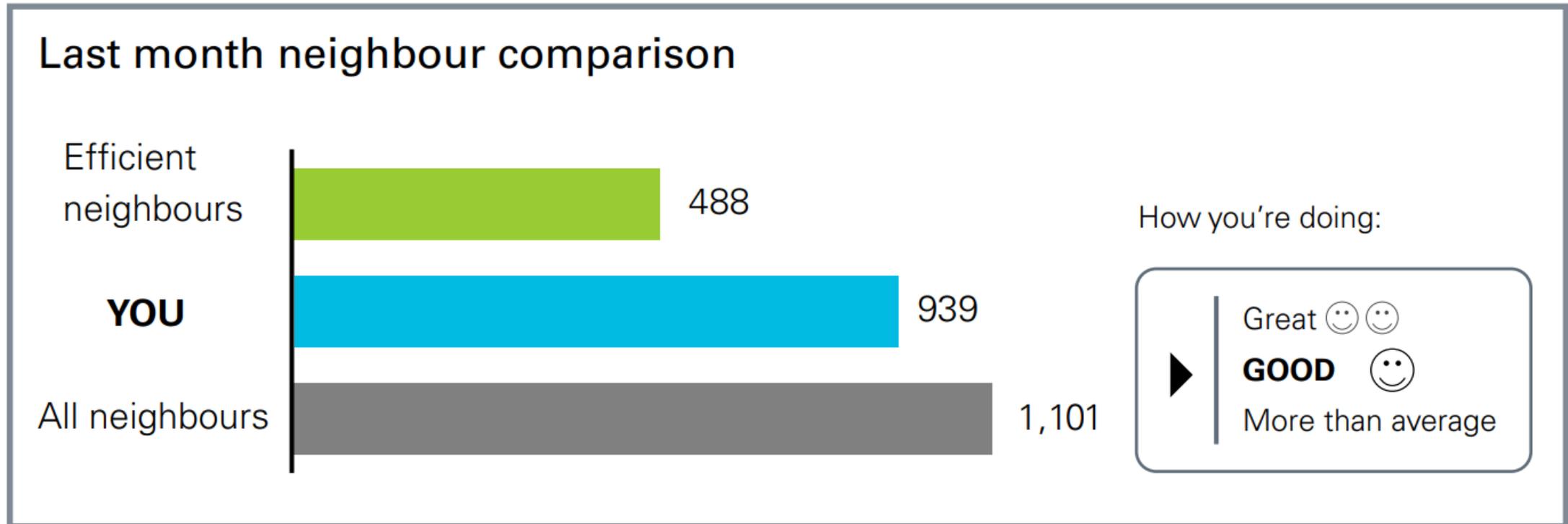
```
graph TD; A[Learning the true norms] --> B[Stronger]; B --> C[Acceptance of climate change]; B --> D[Worry about climate change]; B --> E[Support for pro-climate policies];
```

Stronger

- Acceptance of climate change
- Worry about climate change
- Support for pro-climate policies

Goldberg et al., 2020; Mildenerger & Tingley, 2019; Sparkman et al., 2022; Syropoulos & Sparkman, 2025

Example: home energy conservation



- Customers typically save 1.5%-2.5% on energy bills in first 2 years
- Since 2007: \$2 billion in customer savings

Allcott, 2011; Rare, 2020

Example: food waste at Google

A 2023 survey found:

97%

OF GOOGLERS

think Googlers should do what they can to avoid wasting food



Join in to stop food waste!
Take what you'll eat.

A 2023 survey found:

96%

OF GOOGLERS

care about being environmentally friendly



Join in to stop food waste!
Take what you'll eat.

- Signage reduced food waste in Google cafeterias by 31%

Daker et al., 2025

Audience segmentation

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Make invisible norms visible



Audience segmentation

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Example: Monroe Street Santas

- 2022: 5 Santas
- 2025 (videos):
56+ Santas

"We've been sending a couple messages to neighbors trying to get them to join in."

"I think it's just to bring a sense of community to this area."



Don't highlight an undesirable norm

"Only 17% of Wisconsin woodland owners have a forest management plan." ❌

"Since 2018, more than 21,000 Wisconsin woodland owners have received a property visit from a DNR forester." ✅

Dynamic norm

Butler et al., 2021; Constantino et al., 2022; Sparkman & Walton, 2017

YOUR TURN

What **social norms** can you highlight?
If you don't know the true norms, how
can you find out?



How to handle misinformation and disinformation

Definitions

Misinformation

False and misleading
information

Disinformation

Spread intentionally

Altay et al., 2023

Types of misinformation

FIRSTDRAFT

7 TYPES OF MIS- AND DISINFORMATION



Wardle, 2017

Audience segmentation

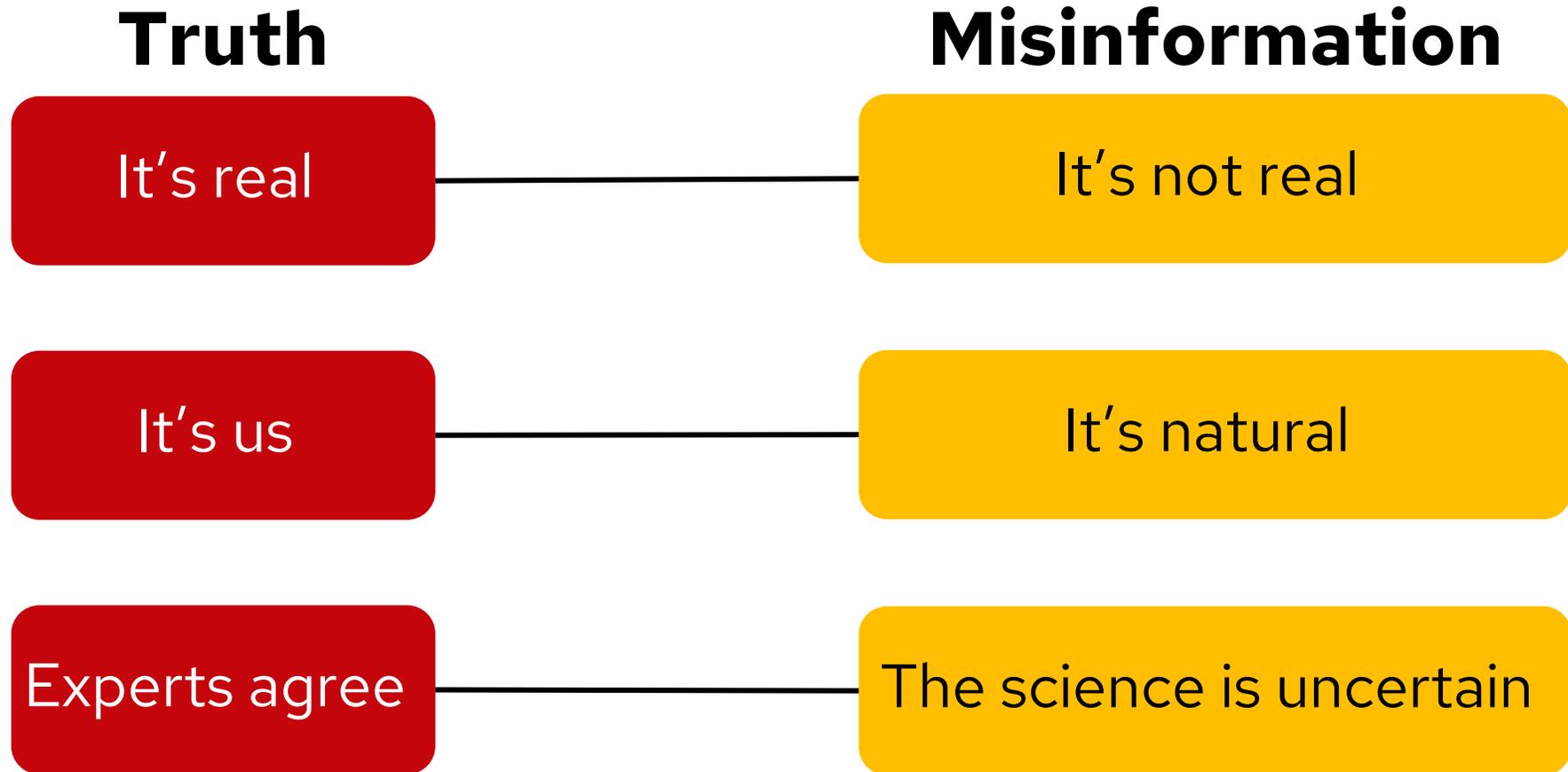
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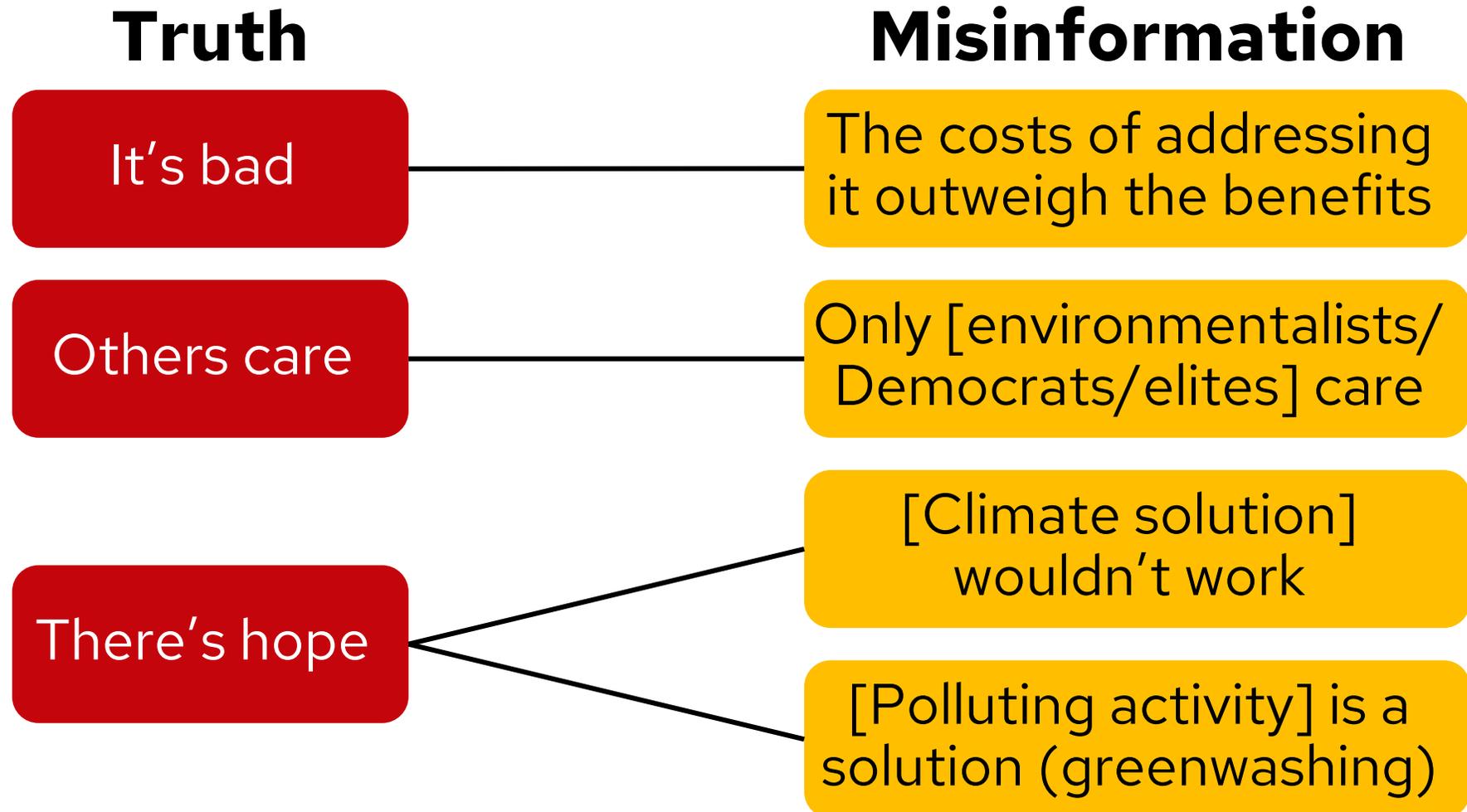
Misinformation

Types of climate misinformation



Badullovich et al., 2025; Törnberg & Törnberg, 2025

Types of climate misinformation



Badullovich et al., 2025; Törnberg & Törnberg, 2025

Where climate misinformation comes from

Most climate change misinformation originates as

DISINFORMATION

funded by the fossil fuel industry (or allies)

TOP-DOWN,

often trying to appear grassroots

Dunlap & McCright, 2011; Roberts et al., 2025; Williams et al., 2022

Audience segmentation

Word choice

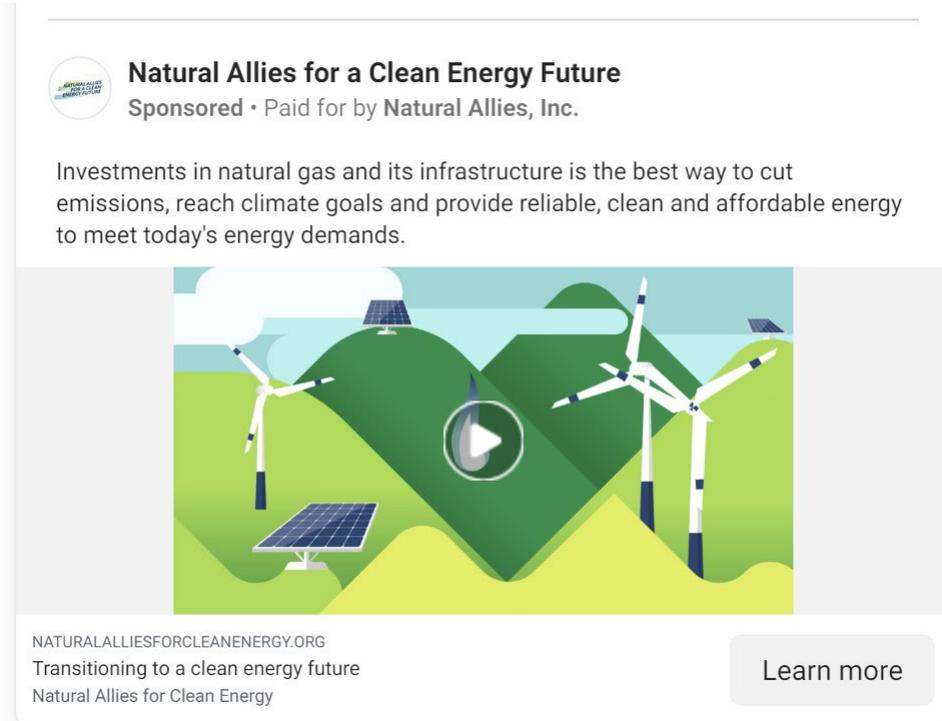
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Where climate misinformation comes from

Funded by 7+ pipeline & utility companies, targeting young Black & Latino Democrats



Natural Allies for a Clean Energy Future
Sponsored • Paid for by Natural Allies, Inc.

Investments in natural gas and its infrastructure is the best way to cut emissions, reach climate goals and provide reliable, clean and affordable energy to meet today's energy demands.



NATURALALLIESFORCLEANENERGY.ORG
Transitioning to a clean energy future
Natural Allies for Clean Energy

Learn more

Funded by the American Gas Association and American Public Gas Association



mayandtravel • Follow

There is nothing better during the holidays than getting snuggled in our house and filling up on our favorite holiday dishes. My favorite holiday dish is seafood noodle and I love cooking with gas because it helps cook food faster and gives me more control over the temperature when cooking. What's your favorite holiday dish? #cookingwithgas #sponsored @aga_natgas

72w

_smallthings_inlife_ I love these orange tones!

7,188 likes
DECEMBER 14, 2018

Add a comment... Post

Brown, 2022; King, 2023; Leber, 2020

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Where climate misinformation comes from

Funded by the Beef Checkoff
(appeared in *The New York Times* in 2021)



Funded by the Dairy Checkoff
(seen >1 million times in 2 weeks)



Hermann, 2023;
Werthman, 2023

Audience segmentation

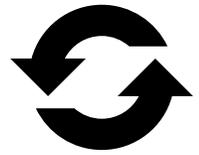
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Why do people believe misinformation?



Familiarity → increased belief (illusory truth effect)



Easy-to-follow narratives



Aligns with preexisting identities or worldviews



Triggers strong emotions

Ecker et al., 2022; Udry & Barber, 2024

Before exposure: inoculation

- Convey the threat of misinformation
- Explain the truth and the fallacy
 - False facts and/or flawed arguments



Most common types of flawed arguments in climate denial

Cook, 2020; Ecker et al., 2022; Traber et al., 2022

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After exposure: effective correction



Use a source the audience trusts



Validate their underlying concern



Convey empathy and do not condescend



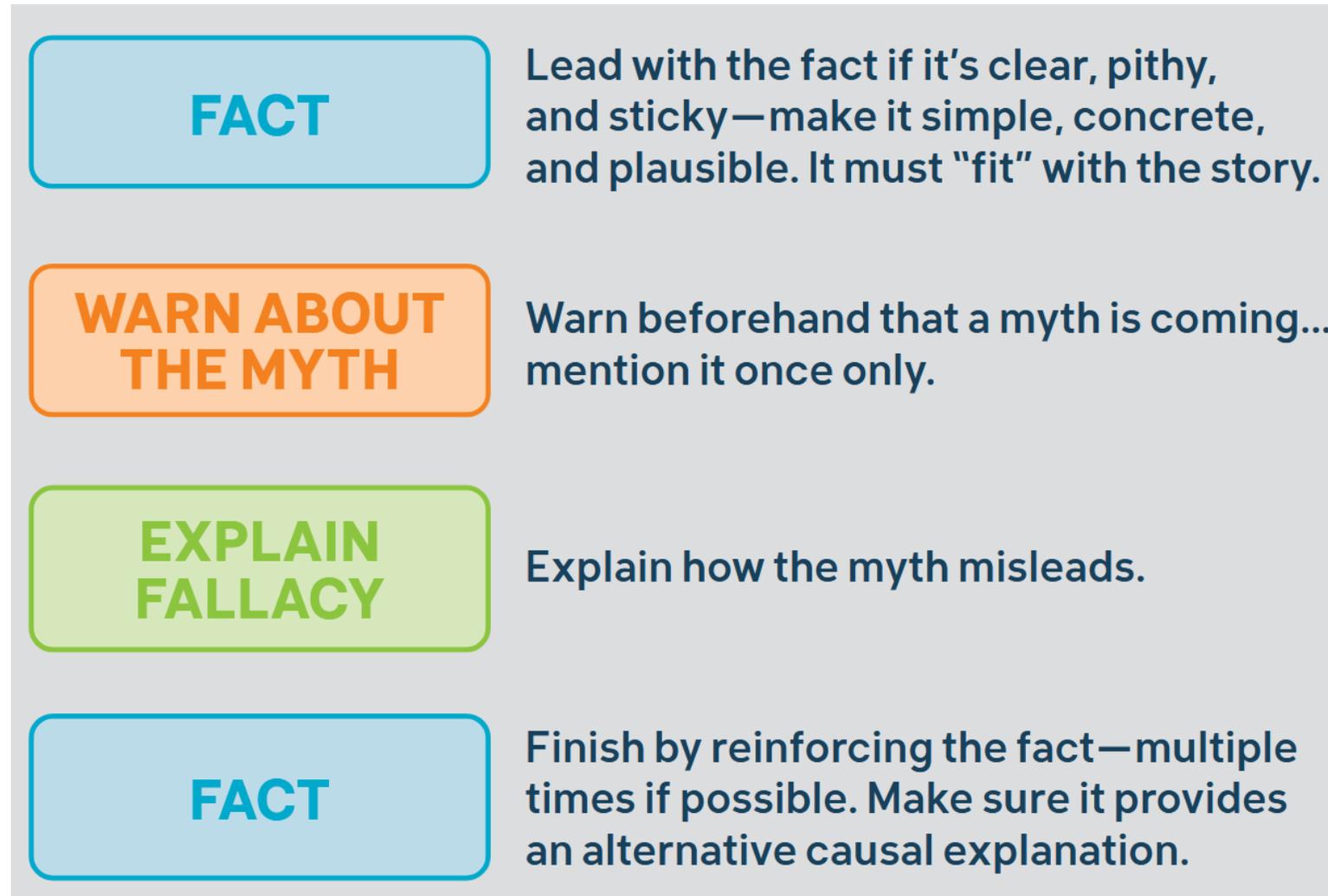
Provide an alternative (true) explanation



Repeat the correction over time

Ecker et al., 2022; Prike & Ecker, 2023; McRaney, 2022

One template: “fact sandwich”



Lewandowsky et al., 2020

Example: timber harvests

FACT

To make our forests more resilient to stresses like droughts and extreme rainfall, we need to actively steward them by conducting sustainable timber harvests.

WARN ABOUT THE MYTH

Contrary to what you might assume, “letting nature run its course” is not the best approach for most forests today.

EXPLAIN FALLACY

Your woodland was already dramatically changed by humans during the cutover. Now, most of the trees are the same age, and the next generation of oaks is struggling to grow.

FACT

Thinning your woods will allow more light to reach the ground so that new oaks will thrive and the ecosystem will become healthier.

Lewandowsky et al., 2020

Example: timber harvests



Use a source the audience trusts

Peer woodland owner



Validate their underlying concern

Timber harvests CAN be done unsustainably



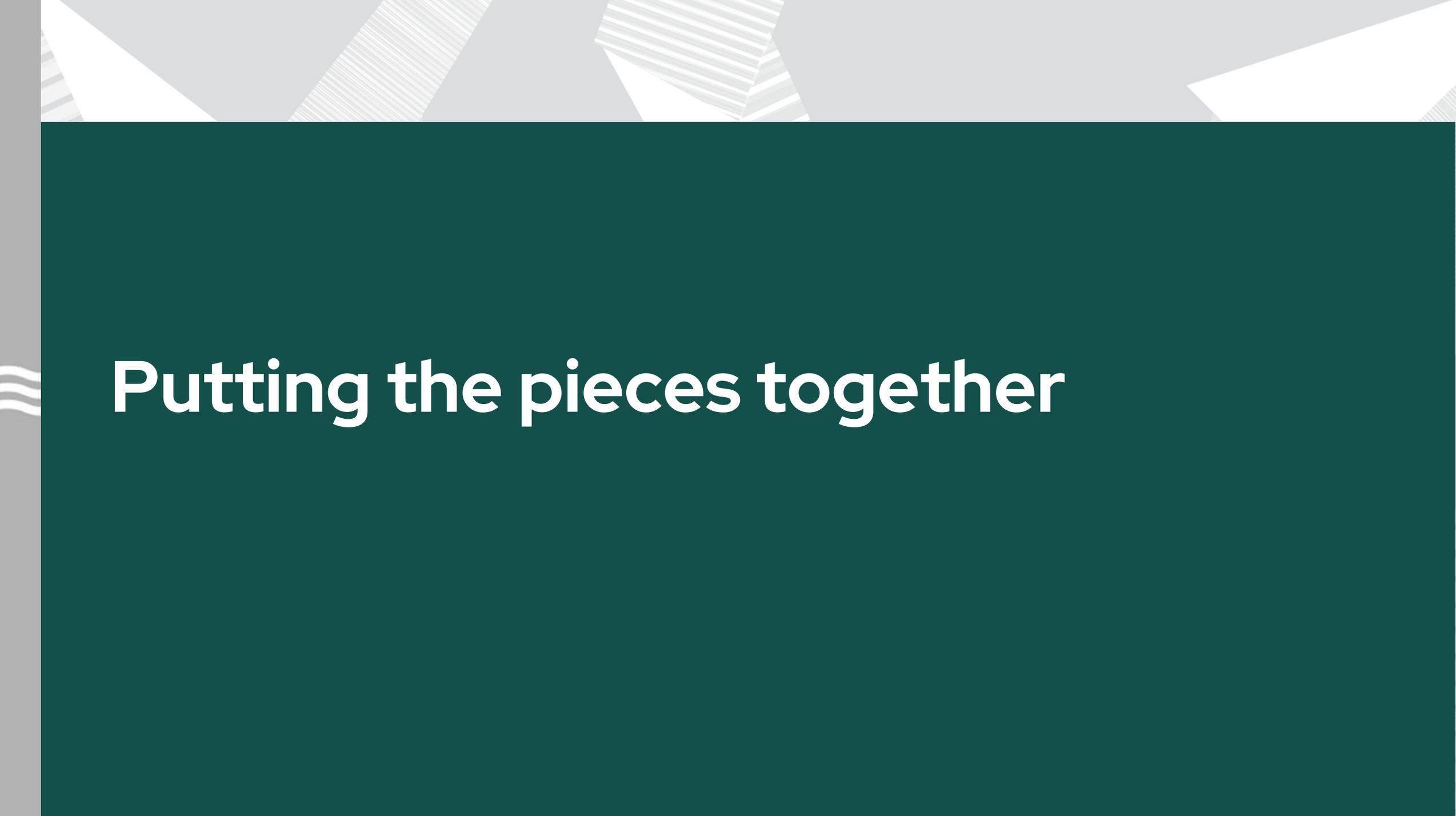
Convey empathy and do not condescend

It's understandable to not want your woods to change

Ecker et al., 2022; McRaney, 2022; Prike & Ecker, 2024

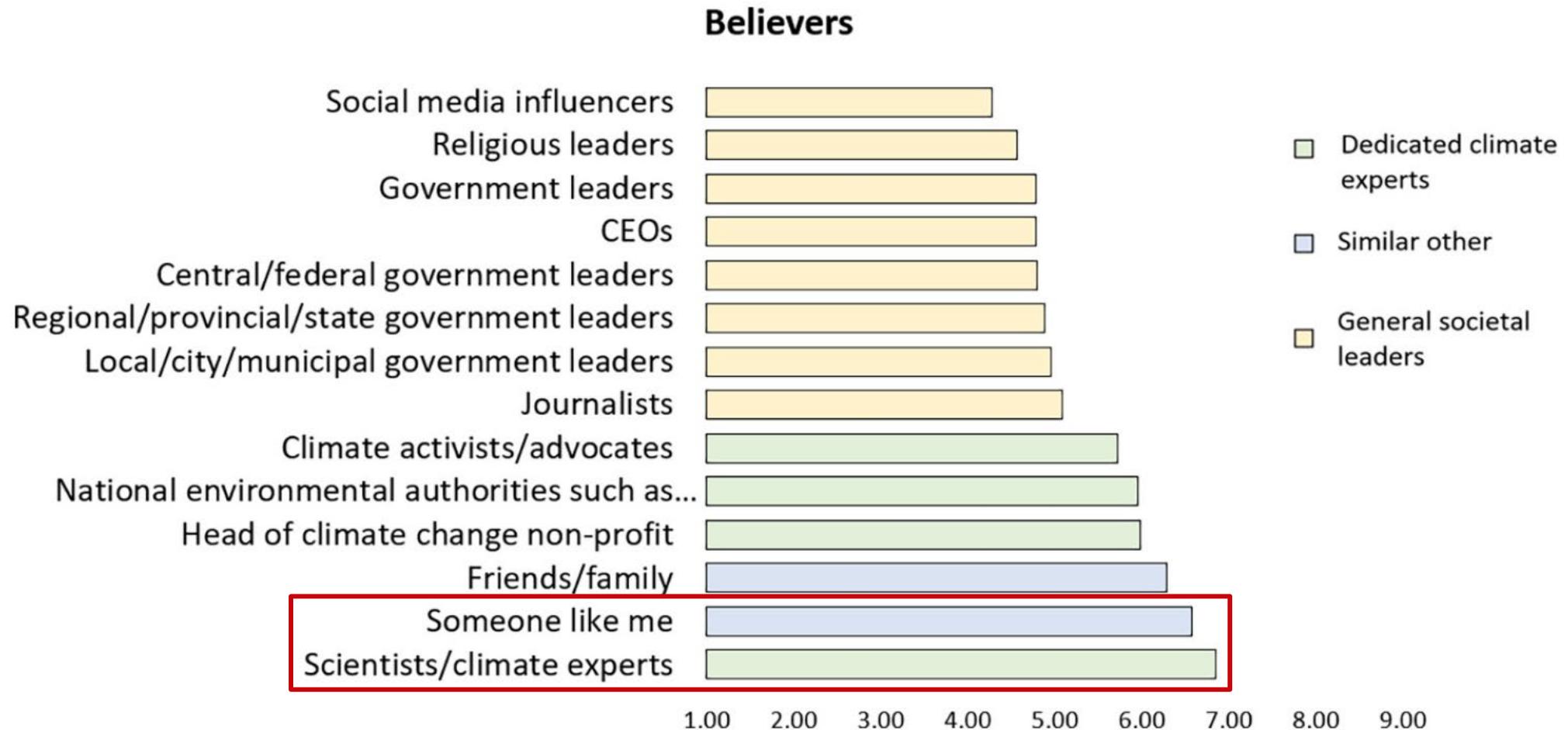
YOUR TURN

What **mis/disinformation** is your audience exposed to? How will you address it?

The background features a dark teal rectangular area on the left side. Above this area, there are several overlapping geometric shapes: a white triangle with horizontal grey stripes, a white triangle with vertical grey stripes, and a white triangle with diagonal grey stripes. On the far left edge, there are three horizontal white wavy lines.

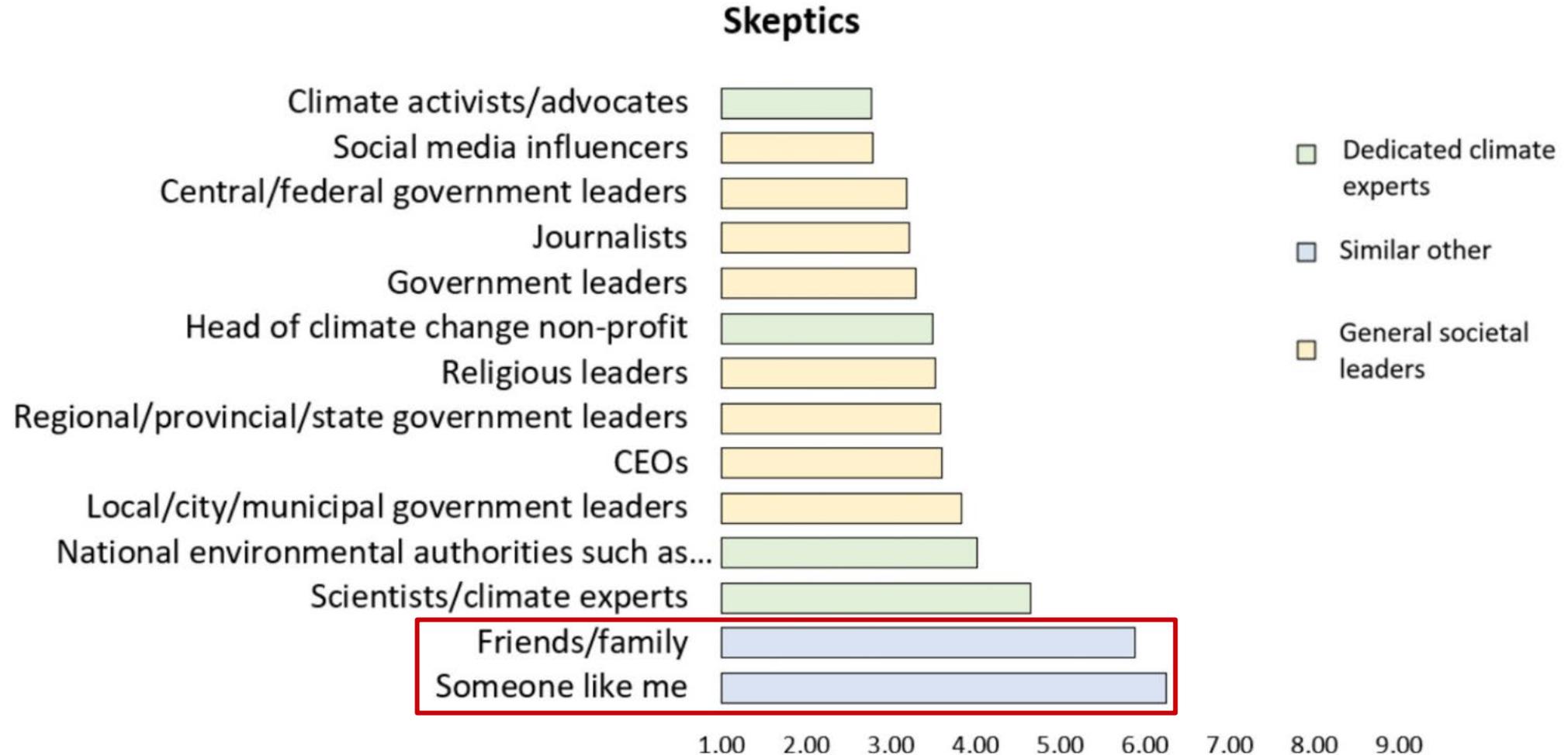
Putting the pieces together

Who does your audience trust on climate?



"Please indicate how much you trust that group of people to tell you the truth about climate change and about what our country should be doing to help prevent its worst consequences." *MacInnes et al., 2026*

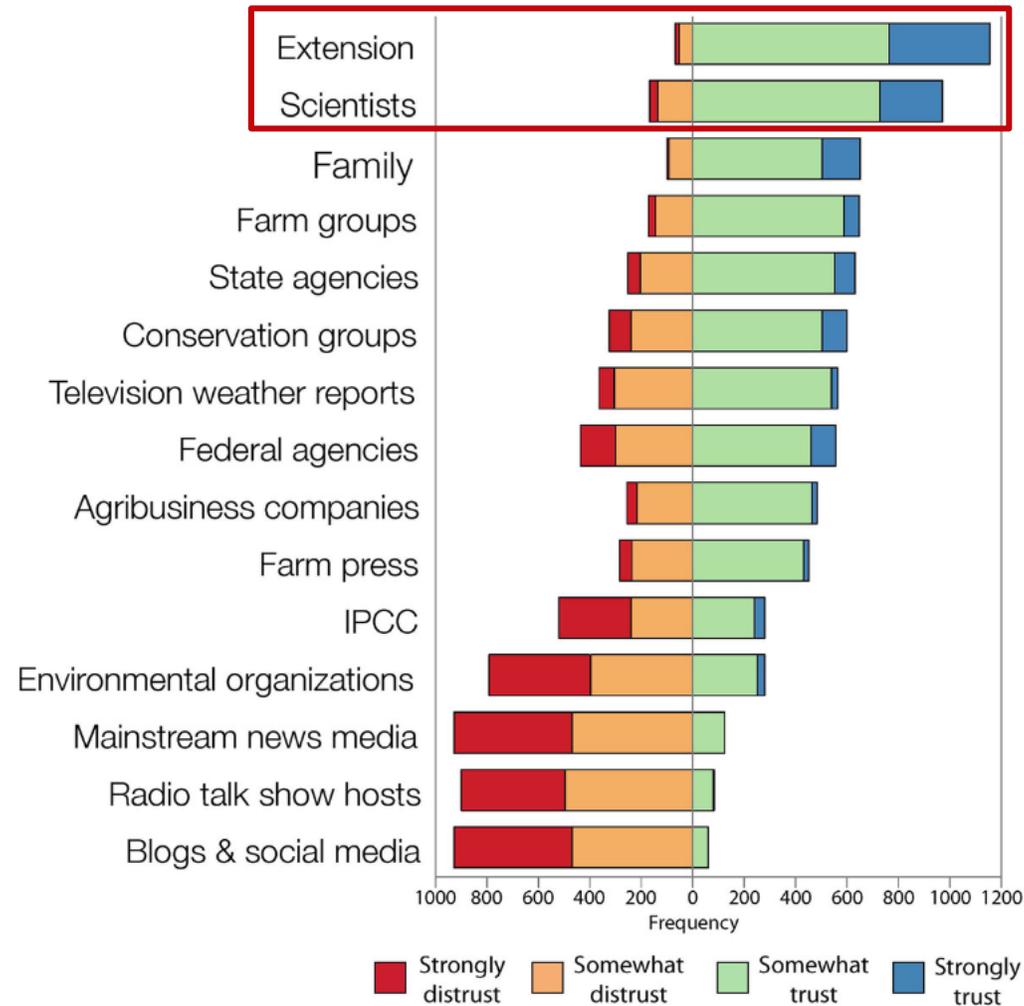
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Who does your audience trust on climate?

Agricultural advisors' trust in information sources about climate change

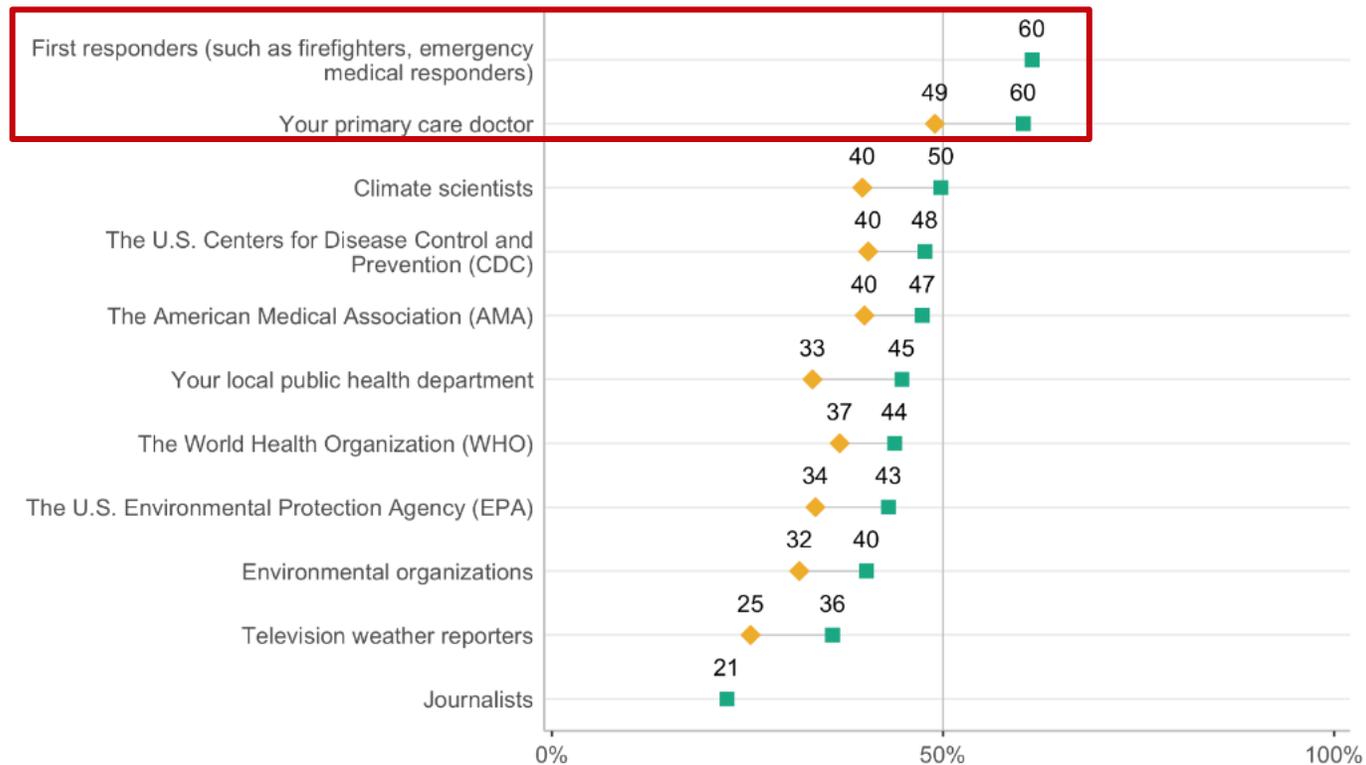


Who does your audience trust on climate?

Trust in various information sources about the health harms of global warming has increased

- % "strongly" or "moderately" trust -

◆ 2014 ■ 2024



How much do you trust or distrust each of the following as a source of information about health problems related to global warming?

Fall 2024

Fine et al., 2025

Adapting to Changes in Your Sugarbush

Going in the back door



Social norms

Long-term trend

Maple syrup producers across the Midwest have noticed changes in their sugarbushes in recent years, such as earlier tapping seasons and the arrival of new invasive and competing plant species and forest pests. We expect these and other changes to continue in the coming decades. By being flexible and adaptable, you can be a good steward of the land, ensuring that your sugarbush thrives for many years into the future.

Audience's values

Resilience

maple.extension.wisc.edu/adaptation-menu/

Lower Sap Sugar Content



Specific & relatable

Problem

Summers now tend to be hotter than in the past. After a particularly hot summer, the sugar content of the following season's sap may be lower than usual.

What you can do:

Solutions & efficacy

- Take an **energy self-assessment** to determine how you can make your operation more energy-efficient, which will lessen the financial impact of lower sap sugar content on your operation.
- Use reverse osmosis to increase the sugar concentration of your sap before boiling it.
- Use a pre-heater or a more energy-efficient evaporator to save on fuel costs and boiling time.
- **Contact your local USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service** office to learn about their **Environmental Quality Incentives Program On-Farm Energy Initiative**, which might provide you financial assistance to purchase reverse osmosis or upgrade your equipment.
- In consultation with a forester, **thin your stand** to give your trees space to grow deep, wide crowns. Trees with more vigorous crowns and wider trunks typically yield a higher sap sugar content and sap volume, though you will still see variability from tree to tree and even from day to day.

- Practice **good sanitation habits** to get a higher yield. Use new, sterile spouts each year (or use sterilizable stainless steel spouts).
- If you use gravity tubing, upgrade to a vacuum tubing system, which can double your sap yield.
- Tap more trees to increase your overall yield of syrup.
- **Tap red maples** in addition to sugar maples. Red maples with deep, wide crowns can be just as good for sugarmaking as sugar maples. This is true even though red maples sometimes bud out earlier in the spring than sugar maples.
- Make **value-added products** like maple cream or maple candy in addition to syrup. **Product diversification** allows you to make more income per unit of sap, which will help your finances in low-yield years.

Trusted
messenger

Stories from Wisconsin maple syrup producers



YOUR TURN

Who is your messenger?

Which communication channels will you use?

Jot down an outline of your message.

Open discussion

Let's stay in touch!

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 go.wisc.edu/forestry-newsletter

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